Bellefonte Watchman Republican.

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1 50 Per Year

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MURDERED FOR MONEY.

Newcastles' Treasurer Slain While Defending Trust.

ALONE IN OFFICE WHEN ATTACKED

Held On to Money-Box Until Robber Beat His Brains Out—Dead Man's Son Found Body.

REWARD OF $4,000 FOR MURDERER

NEWCASTLE, January 9.—John Blevins, City Treasurer of Newcastle, was brutally murdered Saturday night in his office above the jail. A robber, intent on the money Mr. Blevins had in his safe, stole into his room, and after a terrific struggle to overcome him, crushed the Treasurer's head and inflicted upon him other horrible wounds, so that death quickly followed the heavy blows.

The murder occurred, it is thought, about 10:30 o'clock, but the crime was not discovered until after midnight. The discovery was made by Mr. Blevins' son, who thought it strange that his father had not arrived home by midnight. Going to his father's office, the son found the door unlocked and the electric light burning. Stepping inside, he saw his father lying in a pool of blood and apparently breathing his last. Almost fainting at the sight he rushed outside, found a policeman and Dr. Pollock, and the three entered the office. Dr. Pollock raised Mr. Blevins' head and at that instant the wounded Treasurer breathed his last.

The office was a grewsome sight. The private room was covered with blood and Mr. Blevins' face was battered almost out of human semblance. His nose was broken, his lower jaw shattered, a great hole was in the back of his head and there were no less than a dozen cuts and bruises on his head. He had evidently made a terrific struggle, for the blood pools were in a score of places about the room, while splashes were on the walls. His hands were torn and bleeding. One hand was almost severed, showing that he had endeavored to retain the two tin money boxes which were in the vault and which, it is thought, contained about $500.

After beating Mr. Blevins into unconsciousness, the thief left, taking with him the contents of the money boxes. Robbery was the only motive which the police can attach to the crime, but they are unable to determine upon any one as the murderer.

The Newcastle City Councils and the Lawrence County Commissioners met this afternoon and offered a reward of $4,000 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer.

—There is trouble in the camps of the crews of some of the military transports. Word comes from Savannah, Ga., that recently Hugh McClair, steward on the transport Roumanian, was discharged by the ship's quartermaster. McClair said it was because he had demanded of the quartermaster his share of the profits made from the ship's store room. Since McClair's story became public, an investigation of the case had been made and a report sent to Washington. It is stated that quartermaster Wrigley, of the Roumanian, and the quartermaster in charge of the Manitoba have been recommended discharged from the service. The sale of liquor has evidently come close to the verge of a scandal, as nearly everyone of the transports was running a bar and selling considerable liquor to the soldiers. The charge was made that exorbitant prices were charged on some of the transports and big profits were made for the stewards or somebody. So far as the statements apply to the Mantioba there is but little doubt of their truth, for the slop-shop bar room on at least one of its trips received greater attention by the steward than did his legitimate duties.

Section Forman's Report.

A railroad section forman recently sent in the following unique account of an accident: "MacWhorter's bull sthruck at the long siding by number 4 and killed. We found him alongside the thrack and he was not quite dead then, I borrowed a gun and shot him three times killing him 'again,' Dennis Sulivan then sthruck him another blow on the head with a pick and finished him. The bull is now dead.—"Signed, M. DONNIVAN.',

Altoona Republican.

Prevents Pneumonia.

The use of "Seventy-seven" for Grip prevents pneumonia, by "breaking up" the cold, with its tonic powers sustain the vitality during the attack. At druggists, 25 c.

Returns From an Old Notice.

"It is a good illustration of bearing fruit after many years," said R. S. Davis to a reporter for the Pittsburg Daily News as he sat in the office of his book store, on Fifth avenue.

"That little clipping," continued Mr. Davis, as he took a piece of brown tinted paper from a lot of others from a small drawer in his desk and held it up, "was sent to me not long ago by an inhabitant of a nearby town asking me if I still had the book that this advertisement referred to. At first I hardly recognized it, but upon investigation I found that it was an advertisement that I had inserted in the Presbyterian Banner during the holidays of the year 1870, when my place of business was on Liberty street. The advertisement read like this:

"'A Good Book for the Family and Family Prayers, by 180 Clergymen of Scotland.'

"That was a book that I offered at that time, making a special rate for the holidays, and there were many sold; but it has been a long time since I have had any of them in stock. I have not advertised the book since that time, and it is evident that this somewhat late inquirer for it was looking over the back numbers of the Banner when he came across this little announcement.

"I immediately wrote the publishers in the east, and got one of the books and was informed that it was one of the last in stock, as there were no extra editions of the book printed. The clergymen who compiled the book of prayers were among the most eminent, at that time, in Scotland. Many of them have long since died.

"It is a peculiar coincidence," continued Mr. Davis, "that 28 years after that advertisement was inserted in the paper I should be getting returns from it." He concluded his remarks by saying that it is only one instance of how newspaper advertising pays. "If that announcement of the sale of that book had been made on a handbill it is likely that it would have been destroyed as soon as it was received, as is usually the case, but the advertisement in the newspaper is lasting; it does its work not only on the day it is received, but very often many days and even years afterward, as has just been shown."

Killed on Duty.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan,. 11.—A shocking murder occurred at Bingen Saturday morning, the victim of which was a telegraph operator named Wurst. It happened on the Philadelphia railroad. The division operator got his last train report at 12:45 Saturday After that they could not raise him and a train was sent there. He was found sitting in his chair as if asleep, with his feet on a table. The office had been ransacked and showed signs of a struggle, and blood was everywhere about the place. There were two bullet holes in Wurst's head and it had been smashed in with an axe. He was 27 years old and leaves a wife and baby. Bingen is seven miles this side of Bethlehem. The murderer secured $15.00.

Punctuation.

What a great difference in the meaning of a sentence a misplaced comma can make! Take the following, for example:

"James, my husband is a very sick man."

"James, my husband, is a very sick man."

The following bit of perverse puncuation was perpetrated by an English compositor. What the author meant to say can be ascribed by a rearrangement of the punctuation marks:

"Caesar entered on his head, his helmet on his feet; armed sandals upon his brow; there was a cloud in his right hand; his faithful sword in his eye; an angry glare saying nothing, he sat down."

The Spring Elections.

The constitution of Pennsylvania provides that all elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February. The third Tuesday of the coming February will be the 21st of the month. Accordingly the next election will be held on that date.

The ballot law, approved June 10, 1893, provides that certificates of nomination for municipal offices must be filed with the county commissioners at least 28 days before the election and they may be filed earlier.

A Gift to Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., January 9.—It was announced yesterday that George A. Armour, of the class of '77, has given $10,000 to Princeton University to found a classical department in the University library. For the next three years he will give $2,700 annually for the further support of the department. Mr. Armor came to Princeton from Chicago four years ago.

FOURTEEN PERSONS KILLED!

Terrible Collision on the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

MANY PERSONS WERE INJURED

First Intimation of Impending Disaster Was the Shirking of the Whistle—Several of Killed and Wounded Belonged In Eastern Pennsylvania.

IT WAS A MERRY EXCURSION PARTY

BOUND BROOK, N. J., Jan. 10.—Fourteen persons bound for New York an a party of excursionists from points in Eastern Pennsylvania lost their lives early yesterday afternoon on the Easton and Amboy division of the Lehigh Valley Railroad between Bound Brook and West Dunellen. Another victim died later in a Plainfield hospital.

At least thirty persons are in the hospitals of Plainfield and Jersey City, and some of these will certainly die. Many others, cut and bruised, but able to take care of themselves, hurried to New York on other trains.

The disaster was the result of a blunder in giving orders to a passenger train that crashed head on into the train in which the Pennsylvanians were, and which was on the same track.

There are two stories as to how the blunder was made. Both agree that an operator at South Plainfield is to blame.

There was a freight wreck which blocked the Lehigh east-bound track at Bound Brook in the morning. Orders were sent from Easton to South Plainfied to hold all west-bound trains because the western track was being used for heavy eastern trains. The story that railroad men believe is that an operator neglected to give the order to the train that crashed into the excursionists. The other has it that the operator gave orders to the west-bound train to go ahead when he had a later order telling him to hold it.

The consequence was that the west-bound train, going at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour, struck the east-bound train with frightful force, tore the first car to pieces, tossed its engine into the air as though it were a chip and sent tons of torn and twisted iron flying through the crowd penned helpless in the cars

Division Superintendent Sprigg admitted to a reporter for The Inquirer that a blunder caused the awful wreck. The engine driver of the train that was in the wrong, probably dying in an hospital, admitted that a blunder had been made, that he knew who made it, but that he could not tell now.

When They Make or Save Money.

Soldiers who are discharged from the service of Uncle Sam in camp away from the places they were mustered into the service, reap about the only financial benefit the rank and file received while in Uncle Sam's employ, as they are allowed "travel pay" while on the way from the place of mustering in. "Travel pay," reduced to simple American language means that the discharged soldier is allowed, besides transportation, one day's pay for every twenty miles he travels on the homeward journey. Pennsylvania soldiers who have been fortunate enough to be mustered out at Manila make over a year's wages in travel pay. It's about 7,000 miles from Manila to San Francisco, and about 3,000 miles from there home or nearly 10,000 miles in all, or in other words 500 day's pay. The private returning home would receive about $250 pay, the corporal $300, the sergeant about $400 A captain who would throw up his job in the archipelago would get about $2,500 travel pay and his transportation money.

Conflict of Authority.

Some months ago Judge Ikeler, of Columbia county, ordered the county commissioners to purchase new books for the register and recorder's office, in order that new indexes might be made of all deed books in the office. The commissioners refused to buy the books because the county could not afford the expense of reindexing the records.

On December 31 Judge Herring authorized the register and recorder to purchase the books, and the commissioners have petitioned Judge Little, who took the oath of office on December 31, to restrain the register and recorder from expending money for that purpose. It is said that the indexing will cost $8,000 or $10,000.

—A famous cook says if you boil your sweet potatoes first, then slice and sprinkle with sugar and bake in the oven, you will for the first time realize what real baked potatoes are.

Four Trainmen Killed.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., January, 9.—Four dead, two injured, one of these perhaps fatally, and the loss of property of the Southern railroad to the amount of about $100,000, is the result of a wreck which occurred yesterday morning on the Knoxville and Ohio branch of the Knoxville division of the Southern railroad, one and a half miles east of Elk valley.

The dead are: Engineer J. D. Maxey, Fireman Frank Reddy, colored; Brakeman Ironsea Hoover, colored; Flagman W. A. Dillon.

Injured—Engineer Goff, badly but not fatally cut on the head and bruised; Fireman George Huskinson, badly burned and may die.

Maxey, Reddy, Hoover and Dillon were burned to death or killed underneath the ruins of three engines and a number of cars and coaches of the two wrecked trains.

Yesterday morning at 11:30, one train, a double headed freight train, loaded with coal and merchandise, crashed into a mixed local passenger train, while both were running at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. The engines met head on, the force of impact being terrific. The coming together of the two trains was so sudden that the trainmen were unable to jump and save their lives. The passenger train was running fifteen minutes late, having waited at Knoxville for a section of a western train, and the right of way. The freight trains on the division had been notified that the passenger train was on a late run and the only cause for the accident that can be given that Engineer Maxey of the freight train misread his orders.

Immediately after the crash the wreckage caught fire. This city was asked for aid. A fire engine left Knoxville at five o'clock yesterday evening and soon had the fire under control. The passenger train carried about twenty passengers. None of these were injured.

Strangled to Death.

A sad case of death by strangulation comes from Franklin county. After enduring agonies for weeks, Alice V. Hager, a well known young school teacher of near Clay Hill, that county, died on Wednesday night, slowly strangling to death, as a result of having a tooth pulled in August last. In drawing Miss Hager's tooth the dentist broke the soft palate and a bone formation soon grew in the young woman's mouth, which surgeons dared not remove. Leading specialists in New York refused to operate and doomed the young woman to a horrible death. During the last two weeks the growth become so large that Miss Hager was made totally blind and slowly starved and strangled to death, all the while piteously begging for relief. She was graduated from the Normal school only last spring and always stood high in her profession.

—A destructive grip epidemic and the general prevalence of disease have created a scarcity in the way of hearses and funeral equipment in Pittsburg and Allegheny. Undertakers report they are unable to secure hearses with which to carry the dead to their last resting places, and bereaved families are required to submit their funeral arrangements entirely to the convenience of the directors. Last week the death rate in Pittsburg exceeded the number during the same week of last year just 30, and the bureau of health expresses the belief that a greater increase will be shown in the present week. Though the physicians connected with the city departments and a number of the practicing medicos disagree as to the extent of the grip epidemic, it is agreed that 13 deaths this week resulted directly from the grip. One noticeable fact in connection with the disease is that a majority of those who have succumbed were past the half century mark of life. The promised cold weather, which it is expected will continue for some time, is the only chance of holding down or breaking the epidemic.

Ate Three Pianos.

A Beale township man lingered too long among convivial friends in town the other day, and on the road home ate several bananas, which had the effect of making him very sick. He was casting up one thing and another, at the barn, when his wife appeared on the scene. She asked him what had made him sick, but the reply was rather indistinct. She made several efforts to catch his words, and, on returning to the house, told the children that, as nearly as she could understand him, their father had eaten three pianos. —Mifflintown Tribune.

IT is the easiest thing in the world to demonstrate that Europe is on the verge of a bloody chasm, but it is very difficult to get it to take the plunge.

IT IS AGAINST QUAY!

Such Is the Decision of the Supreme Court.

DEFENDANTS' PETITION DISMISSED

Supreme Court Had No Authority to Review the Action of the Lower Court on Demurrers.

THE TRIAL WILL NOW TAKE PLACE

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—The Supreme Court on Tuesday handed down an opinion, dismissing, with costs, the petition of United States Senator M. S. Quay, Richard R. Quay and former State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood for a writ of certiorari in the case charging the petitioners with conspiracy to misuse State funds. The trial will now have to take place in the Quarter Sessions Court of this county.

Notwithstanding the fact that the decision of the court was expected on Monday, and that a large crowd had assembled in consequence in the corridors and court room, the crowd of Tuesday was not nearly so large, although it was generally believed that the court would at that time hand down the much-looked-for decision. As on the previous day, precautions had been taken to admit only those to the court room who could show good reason for being there. And not until the lawyers and representatives of the press were admitted were the main doors opened. In a twinkling every seat was occupied and a few people, fortunate enough to be admitted, were compelled to stand in the back part of the room.

A few minutes past 11 o'clock Chief Justice Sterrett and the other justices of the court filed in to their chairs. Immediately after the preliminary court ceremonies were concluded Chief Justice Sterrett arose and prepared to speak. Absolute silence prevailed from the moment the Chief Justice arose, and after the first few words every one leaned forward so as to catch every word spoken. The decision was very brief and only took a minute to render. With great earnestness and deliberation, his voice penetrating to every part of the room, and plainly heard by everyone present, Chief Justice Sterrett said:

"In the case of M. S. Quay, R. R. Quay and B. J. Haywood the rule is discharged and the petition discharged at the costs of the petitioners."

That was all, but it was as much as the major part of the audience wanted to hear. The full opinion was not read. With the last word spoken a buzz of conversation spread through the room, and almost at the same moment there was a general scramble for the door, the only ones left in the room being the lawyers and others interested in different cases which were to come before the court. Outside of the court room door the decision was the sole topic of conversation. To some it came as a great surprise; others said that they anticipated such a decision. None of the defendants were in the court when the decision was given nor were the counsel for the defense.

The opinion, which took up several pages of closely typewritten matter and which was not read, was to the effect that the Supreme Court is satisfied that the petitioners can and will have a fair and impartial trial before a competent and unprejudiced judge, and a fair and impartial trial in this country. The court held that it had no authority to review the action of the lower court on the demurrers, there being no appeal in such event until after conviction and sentence.

An Apt Lincoln Story.

H. A. Taylor, a prominent lumberman, of Big Run, was fireman on the old Steubenville and Indiana railroad, in 1860, and fired on the engine which hauled Abraham Lincoln from Columbus to Steubenville, when he was going to Washington to be inaugurated for the first time. Mr. Taylor was a young man then, but he remembers the story as well as if it had been yesterday. At Cadiz Junction the train stopped 20 minutes for dinner, and a large crowd had assembled to see the President. They demanded a speech, and Mr. Lincoln said: "Fellow citizens—I am like the man who went fishing and got very hungry—he had nothing to cook and nothing to cook it in; I have nothing to say and no time to say it in."—Punxsutawney Spirit.

THESE new fast mail trains will expediate somebody into the great hereafter with their 130-mile-an-hour rate in the dead of winter.

The Per Diem Pension Bill.

COLUMBUS, O., January 10.—The committee appointed by the national encampment of the Union Veteran Legion to pass on the merits of the pension measure, known as the "per diem bill," has completed its report and forwarded it to Adjutant General Hay.

The committee reaches the conclusion, after an extensive and exhaustive examination of the bill, that an annual saving to the government of $31,000,000 can be accomplished under its operation and an additional saving of over $12,000,000 in the event examining boards are abolished.

When the national encampment of the Union Veteran Legion met in this city a year ago there was a great deal of discussion upon pension matters and especially upon the "per diem bill." At a previous meeting of the encampment at Pittsburg a committee was appointed to formulate a report upon the good features of the bill, with instructions to report at the Columbus encampment. In the interim, however, a member of the committee died, and the report was postponed at the Columbus session to the meeting last fall at Williamsport, Pa. The bill is not framed so that the Union Veteran Legion alone will enjoy its benefits, but every union soldier can come in under its provisions.

Personal Notes.

Thomas Baily Aldrich is said to be the best groomed literary man in the country.

John Baker, who represents the Twenty first Illinois district in the lower house is totally blind.

The wife of Edward FitzGerald has just died at the age of 90. She survived the poet just 15 years.

Prof. Alexander Graham Bell, of the telephone fame, has arrived in Japan on his way around the world.

Gen. Merritt wears a seal ring which has been worn by the eldest son of the family for five generations.

Gen. Otis, now in Manila, is said to be ignorant of his candidacy to succeed Senator White of California. The general is editor of the Los Angeles "Times."

The Emperor of Germany has just purchased a number of blooded mares bred and trained by Mrs. Langtry, Mrs. Langtry likewise sold a mare to the French government for $12,000, so that it would seem that the ex-actress is doing distinctly better as a breeder of horses than on the stage.

Mrs. Russel Sage, wife of the New York financier arraigns the modern man's club and the modern clubman because they are accomplishing nothing in the way of positive benefit to the world. She knows of fifteen men who failed to vote last election because they were away from town at their country clubs.

Mountain Fell Into a River.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 11.—A tremendous landslide has occurred near Spencer Bridge, on the Canadian Pacific railway. The recent thaw loosened the sides of a small mountain which overhangs the Fraser river at that point. Shortly after midnight, Sunday, with a roar that could be heard for over a mile, fully 100 acres of the hill, anywhere from 20 to 50 feet in depth, crashed into the Fraser river, damming it completely and sending the water in torrents over the fertile Nicola valley. The course of the river was changed completely. No lives have been lost so far as known. Barns and houses, however, were caught in the flood and carried away, and thousands of acres of valuable land will never be reclaimed from the new course of the Fraser.

Masco to His Countrymen.

Santiago de Cuba, Jan. 11.—A luncheon was given Monday to Bartolome Maseo, former president of the Cuban revolutionary government, prior to his departure for his home at Manzanillo. He said he trusted to see the American flag waving soon from every house in Cuba. He said he was not in sympathy with the men who were continually objecting to everything done in the island by Americans. It was only necessary to see Santiago to witness the magnificent results of American rule, and he trusted provincial and civic autonomy would be granted to the Cubans under a nominal military head at Havana.

HAVING closed up the fashoda incident successfully, the inventors of European wars are now determined that England and France shall fight on general principles, and they have accordingly renewed the "tension."

COL. BRYAN skipped away beyond Jefferson and Jackson in his last speech, and invoked the shade of Moses.

JOHNNY'S FRIEND.

I've sixteen sisters, more or less—
There's Mary and Sue and Nell and Bess—
An' I'm the only boy you see,
Now don't you think it's rough on me?

A fellow don't have time to think,
It's "Johnny, boy, where is the ink?"
An' "Johnny, boy, I wish you'd go
An' catch the horse—now don't be slow."

An' "Johnny, boy, don't slam the door"
Nor "throw those peelings on the floor,"
An' "run an' fetch the doctor quick,
For sister Sue is very sick."

An' if I want er fisher line,
Or pocket knife or ball er twine,
One of those girls are sure to say
"You bought a knife the other day."

"The fishin' lines an' twine you lose
Would buy the ribbons that we use."
They laugh and call me "sorrel top,"
An' never know when they should stop.

They count the freckles on my nose
An' tease me when I stub my toes,
An' yet from morn till day is done,
It's "Johnny, boy," and "John, my son."

Now, Ma's the only pard I've got,
She's worth the whole endurin' lot.
She knows a fellow wants to play
An' let's him sometimes have his way.

She makes him cookies and jam pies,
An' lets him bag the butterflies,
She ties his June bug by the legs
An' helps him set his turkey eggs.

I'd run away—'tween you an' me—
If 'twant for Ma, an' go to sea,
But I'm her comfort an' her joy—
She'd break her heart for "Johnny, boy."

A lot o' girls ain't worth their keep,
But a "Johnny boy"—he counts a heap.

—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Cuban War Relic.

A letter from Mr. Manuel Casanova, recently gone to Cuba, tells an interesting story of a flag that was made in Philpsburg and went through the late Cuban war. Several years ago, when there was intense excitement over the Cuban question, Miss Jennie Cross, a clerk in Gray's department store, made two handsome Cuban flags, one of which was given to Mr. Manuel Govine, a brother-in-law of Mr. Casanova. By him it was taken to Cuba, and saw active service all through the late war. When Brigadier General Cardevas, who had charge of the Cuban forces at Havana Province, entered Guanabacoa this Philipsburg made flag was raised along with Old Glory on the government headquarters. The flag, bullet scarred and battle stained, will be kept by the Fifth Cuban army corps as a trophy of the war.—Philipsburg Ledger.

Knights of the Golden Eagel.

The following are the officers of Bellefonte Castle, No 357 of Bellefonte, Pa., for the ensuing six months' term:

Past Chief—H. D. Gehret.
Noble Chief—Jos. Garbrick, jr.
Vice Chief—B. D. Tate.
High Priest—William Ott.
Venerable Hermit—James Schofield.
Master of Records—E. E. Ardery.
Clerk of Exchequer—W. H. Taylor.
Keeper of Exchequer—L. H. Wian.
Sir Herald—W. Harrison Walker.
Worthy Bard—A. Lukenback.
Worthy Chamberlain—Wm. Fishburn.
Ensign—Geo. Hollobaugh.
Esquire—Roy Johnston.
First Guardsman—Ed Gehret.
Second Guardsman—A. V. Hamilton.
Trustee—John Noll.
Representative to the Grand Castle—James I. McClure.

How's Tois?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN, & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best,

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on F. Potts Green, Druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

—It is reported that the mercury went down to 26 degrees below zero on Sunday night, Jan. 1, at Aaronsburg in this county.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

A CASE OF MYSTERY.

The Adams-Cornish Case in Evidence.

THE GREAT QUESTION OF POISON

Thought to be Cyanide of Mercury and the Sender May Have Been a Chemist or Very Near to Drugs.

MANY GRUDGES AGAINST CORNISH

New York, Jan., 5.—The police have 3 men under surveilance in connection with the Adams-Cornish poisoning; and would have arrested one or all of them had it not been for the fact that none of these suspects have a light beard. Miss Miller, the saleswoman who sold the match holder in Newark, is positive that the purchaser had a light beard. It is said that should the police discover that any one of the suspects purchased a false beard an arrest would immediately follow and then the police would believe they had a good chance to secure the conviction of Mrs. Adams's murderer.

Professor Witthaus, who has been analysing the contents of the bottle out of which Mrs. Adams drank, today made his report to the district attorney. Professor Witthaus says definitely that the poison in the bottle sent to Cornish was cyanide of mercury, and that he believes the sender of the poison must have either been a chemist or one with an intimate knowledge of chemicals. Professor Witthaus bases this deduction upon the fact that cyanide of mercury has not been used in this vicinity since 1870; is a rare drug, and impossible to purchase in the ordinary drug store or chemical supply house. Professor Witthaus also says that the bottle containing the poison was not a bromo seltzer bottle, though a label taken from a regular bromo seltzer bottle had been pasted over this bottle.

All of the suspected are said to be men who had grudges against Cornish and all these grudges are said to have arisen over Cornish's action in connection with club and atheletic duties. This, though, is supposition, however well based. It is further said that Harry Cornish supplied the police with the facts upon which they base their suspicions and that he and others are fully aware of the name of the man whom the police most suspect.

BRONCHITIS
Bronchitis generally begins with a common cold; if not cured it becomes dangerous and thousands die from bronchitis annually. Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup, the best remedy for this disease, cures it in a few days.
Dr. Bull's
COUGH SYRUP
Will promptly cure Bronchitis.
Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Aguinaldo's Claims.

Evidently it will be necessary to impress upon Aguinaldo and his representative, Agoncillo, that the United States is in no position to take any steps toward forcing the present so-called Philippine republic upon the people of the Philippine islands. Agoncillo, on his arrival at Washington, presented Aguinaldo's side of the case. In brief, this plea is, first, that Spain has lost control over the islands and therefore had no power to cede them; second that an independent republic is already in existence, and, third, that the United States officers in co operating with Aguinaldo have given official recognition to the new republic and its arms.

All three of these pleas rest primarily on the assumption that the so-called Philippine republic was a political entity enjoying sovereign rights at the time of Dewey's arrival at the islands. At that time, however, Aguinaldo was an exile. He returned to the Philippines under the protection of Dewey and of United States Consul Wildman, of Hong Kong. Manila was not taken and could not have been taken by the insurgents alone. American arms made it possible for the Filipinos to gain what success they have won over the Spanish forces in the strongholds of Luzon.

These facts, however, are chiefly of importance in that they make it possible for the United States government, with a clear conscience, to consider Aguinaldo's demands strictly on their merits. This nation cannot and will not at this juncture attempt to say what form of government shall be provided for the Philippines. Aguinaldo's kind of republic may be the thing that is best for the Philippines and it may not. Whatever course is eventually decided upon it should be selected simply and wholly with a view to answering the condition and providing the best government possible under these conditions. To force Aguinaldo and his republic upon all the islands from Luzon to the Sulus, without any idea as to whether the 10,000,000 natives of widely different races liked it or not, would be not only folly but absolute injustice.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. s29-16t

How Russia Regards Us.

The Grand Duke Cyril of Russia in an interview in Chicago congratulated the United States upon the foreign territory it had acquired. So far as his country was concerned he said, the presence of the United States in the far east was entirely satisfactory. His government, he declared, felt sure that America would prove a peaceful factor in the affairs of the Orient. He further asserted his belief that, while we would probably have trouble with the Filipinos, the United States would overcome every obstacle.

These views of a close relative of the Czar's are of interest and importance at this time. A sedulous attempt is being made to show that foreign powers, under the lead of Russia, will regard our presence in the Philippines with such jealously that it will be necessary for us to enter into foreign alliance to protect our dominion there. Duke Cyril's utterances show how unfounded such fear is as far as his country is concerned, and while, of course, they may not index his real sentiments or that of his government, there is good reason to believe that they are correct. His statement that the presence of the United States in the far east is likely to conduce to peace rather than war has the weight of evidence in its favor. Foreign powers will hesitate to attack us in the Philippines because, while they might temporarily overpower us there, they know too well that we would never rest until we had seplaced the flag. The duke's confident expression that this country would be equal to all its responsibilities in the islands ought to put to shame our own weak-hearted citizens who are now advertising the fact that they despair of the Republic.—Pittsburg Times.

A Great Game Season.

From nearly every section of the country come reports that game of all kinds has not been so plentiful for years as this season, and the large quantity of game that has already found its way to the city markets is prima facie evidence of the truth of these reports. And what has made game so abundant? First, the season has been especially favorable; second, better game laws prevail in nearly all of the states than in years gone by; third, the sportsmen of the country have been taught to respect the close seasons better than heretofore, and last, though by no means least, the game laws are being more strictly enforced, and those who ordinarily would pay little attention to the laws have been made to respect them If these conditions continue to prevail, game will continue to increase, until it will be plentiful everywhere and the sportsman will have good shooting without having to travel hundreds of miles and spending large sums of money to gratify his desire for a little pleasant recreation with dog and gun in fore t or field. There is really no good reason why there should not be game enough for all if the men who hunt will only be moderate in their demands upon the supply and the laws are respected and thoroughly enforced everywhere.—From the American Field.

THERE are times when work is scarce and when men are idle from necessity. But that is no excuse for the tramp who falsely alleges that he is on the road hunting work. The very best thing any man can do who is temporarily out of a job is to stay at home, among the people who know him, making his inquiries for work by letter and not leaving his home until he has found a place. The most imprudent thing one can do is to go out on the road in the hope that something will turn up.

Maps For Ready Reference.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. has just issued in convenient form for household, library and school reference an atlas of seven colored maps of the world, the United States and our new possessions in the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, together with an amount of valuable information connected therewith—all up to date. This atlas will be sent free to any address on receipt of six (6) cents in postage.

Apply to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, or to John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYwhere for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unoffic a war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

AS FROM THE GRAVE!

Sailors Who Return After a Perilous Voyage.

ALL WERE GIVEN UP AS LOST

Supposed to Be Lost in the Great Storm of November 27 But Picked Up by Another Vessel on the Way.

OTHER SHIPS WERE SENT BELOW

NEW YORK, January 5.—The steamer Maasdam, of tha Holland—American line, which arrived yesterday from Rotterdam, brought as passengers ten American sailors who were sent by the United States consul at Rotterdam. Mr. Listoe. They were the captains and crews of the lumber schooner Bertram N. White and the coal-carrying schooner barge Quinnebaugh. The crews in each case, consisting of five men, were picked up at sea by an English sailing vessel and taken to Rotterdam.

The men hailed from various parts of the Atlantic seaboard and are American citizens. They proceeded to their homes.

The five men from the Quinnebaugh practically returned from the grave, for since December 2 they have been reported lost. These men have twice crossed the Atlantic and have undergone experience they scarcely looked for when they shipped aboard the schooner barge Quinnebaugh, bound from Norfolk to Providence, with 2,500 tons of coal aboard. In the storm of November 27 last, which created so much havoc among shipping, the Quinnebaugh, while in tow, went adrift and was reported to have sunk with all on board. This occurred off Scotland light ship. At the same time and in the same vicinity the Corsica and Helicon, barges in tow of the tug Luckenback, also sank and the crew of the Corsica was lost. The Quinnebaugh was built in 1887 in Philadelphia and was 990 tons register. Her home port is New York. She left Norfolk on November 23.

The captain and crew of the schooner Bertram N. White were picked up by the British steamer Ericsen December 2 last and taken to Holland. The schooner was abandoned on that day when about 350 miles southeast of this port. She was bound from Jacksonville to Philadelphia. She was built in 1892, was 394 net tons and her home port was Jonesport, Me.

His Maiden Effort.

He was just from college and had secured a place on the reportorial staff of a morning newspaper. His first assignment was over on the West Side to report a fire. He wrote it up in grand style, making a half-column article of it, beginning thus:

"Suddenly on the still night air rang the shrill cry of fire, and simultaneously the devouring tongue of flame, whose light as it played along the roof's edge had caught the eagle eye of the midnight watcher, leaped forth, no longer playful, but fierce and angry in its consuming greed. Like glowing, snaky demons, the lurid links entwined the doomed building; in venomous hisses and spurts the flames shot into the overhanging darkness, while from every window and door poured forth a dense sulphurous vapor, the deadly, suffocating breath of an imprisoned fiend," etc.

Next morning the embryo journalist was up early to see how his brilliant effort looked in print, and this is what he saw:

"Mike Maloney's grocery, on Desplaines street, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $200; no insurance."

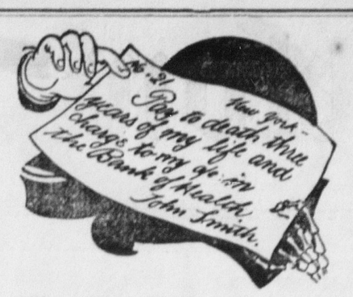
Attractive Women

Why is one woman attractive and another not? The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Every body admires a womanly woman. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Real health must mean that a woman is realy a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." Those who do not enjoy perfect health, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism.

Send 21 cents in one cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce' 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

—George Bayard Jr., is ill at his home on Spring street with the grip. James Riley, a glass cutter is also confined to his room in the Bush house with the same ailment. Painter James Weaver is seriously ill at his home in this place with appendicitis.

—Nathan D. Hosterman, of Coburn, was married on Jan. 1, 1899, to Miss Maggie H. Leitzel, of Millheim. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride.



Biliousness, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, nervousness, headache, giddiness and drowsiness, wind and pain or fullness of the stomach after meals, cold chills and flushings of heat, shortness of breath—these are the blank cheques of physical bankruptcy. Take them to a physician and he will fill them up with the name of some more or less serious disease. Every time that you carry one of them to him you draw out some of your funds in the Bank of Health. Keep it up, and there will soon be no funds in the treasury.

The man who suffers from these disorders and neglects them will soon be in the relentless grasp of some fatal disease. If he is naturally narrow chested and shallow lunged, it will probably be consumption; if his father or mother died of paralysis or some nervous trouble, it will probably be nervous exhaustion or prostration, or even insanity; if there is a taint in the family blood, it will be blood or skin disease; if he lives in a new or a low, swampy country, it will be malaria; if he lives a life of exposure, it may be rheumatism. There is just one safe course for a man to follow who finds himself out of sorts and suffering from the symptoms described. It is to resort to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This medicine makes the appetite keen, corrects all disorders of the digestion, renders assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver, purifies and enriches the blood and builds firm, healthy flesh and nerve tissue. It cures almost all diseases that result from insufficient, or improper nourishment of the brain and nerves. Bronchial, throat, and even lung affections, when not too far advanced, readily yield to it.

"I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for Eczema," writes J. W. Barnhart, of No. 446 De Witt Street, Buffalo, N. Y., "and it completely cured me."

The American Sulphur Industry.

About the time of the outbreak of hostilities with Spain, in discussing the sulphur supply of this country, we ventured the prediction that if, under the stimulus of war prices, the known vast deposits of brimstone of the West and South were opened and worked, the industry thus created would not be allowed to perish with the cessation of war, but would become permanent.

We are pleased to learn that this prediction has been verified to the letter, and a great deal sooner than we anticipated. It is now announced that the owners and workers of sulphur mines open in California (Humboldt County) and in Utah have found that the deposits can be worked at a profit at peace prices (or those which prevailed prior to the war with Spain), and the mines are now in full blast on this basis.

The United States is thus made independent of Europe, and the rest of the world, is still another commodity, important in peace and indispensible in warfare.

With her extension of territory in the tropics, the great markets there opened to her, and the mighty industrial advances thus stimulated, the time must soon come when our country will not need to go beyond her own boundry lines to obtain every necessity and luxury of life. Whether this condition of independence of all foreign powers, or that of "give and take" hitherto existing, will be the better for us in the long run, is, however, a problem that the future must decide.—The National Druggist.

Band for Fifth Regiment.

The Altoona Times says: There is a strong probability that the Fifth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, will hereafter have a band instead of a drum corps. This will be a decidedly new feature of Colonel Burchfield's regiment, as it has never had any other music but a drum corps, in the state service. The Fifth enjoyed the distinction of being the only regiment in Pennsylvania with a drum corps.

If Frank D. Leipold is made chief musician, and there is every likelihood that he will be, the band is a sure thing. Mr. Leipold has organized a band at his home of sixteen pieces and this band will furnish music for the regiment.

Mr. Leipold was a principal musician in the Fifth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and had charge of the regimental band. He is a fine musician himself and should produce a cracker-jack band.

Funeral of the Late Robert Ray.

The funeral of the late Robert Ray took place Friday morning at 10:30 from his residence on Willowbank street. In spite of the inclemency of the weather there was a large attendance. The services were conducted by Rev. William A. Stephens, pastor of the Methodist church, assisted by Rev. Goodling of the Evangelical church.

The pallbearers were: Adam Wagner, Wilbur T. Twitmire, S. H. Williams, Levi Whippo, Andrew Bell and L. A. Schaeffer. Interment was made in the Union cemetery.

—Miss Mary Stevens, of Aaronsburg, is seriously ill and not expected to recover.

—F. J. Weaver, of Aaronsburg, is sick, it is reported that his condition is critical.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist.

JOHN STUART LYON DEAD.

Passed Away at his Home in Pittsburg at 3 o'clock Thursday Morning

John Lyon, son of Stuart Lyon, of this place, died at his home in Pitteburg, Thursday morning at 3 o'clock. His death was due to a sudden collapse from Brights disease. He had been ill for some time but only two weeks ago it developed a turn for the worse and he was compelled to give up work. From that time on he gradually grew weaker until the end came as above stated. To add to the affliction of the family, his faithful wife while watching at his bedside last Saturday was stricken with paralysis and little hope is entertained of her recovery.

John Stuart Lyon was born near Bellefonte, January 4th 1857. He was the only son of S. S. and Anna Valentine Lyon, of this place. His early life he spent in and about Bellefonte. He was educated at the Bellefonte Academy and Swarthmore college afterwards entering the employment of Shortlidge and Valentine, coal dealers and lime operators, under whom he worked until he went to Pennsylvania Furnace to take charge of the iron ore operations there. About 12 years ago he entered the employ of the Firth Sterling Steel Co., in Pittsburg remaining with them ever since. His ability as a business man was recognized there and when he died he held the position of secretary and treasurer of the company. This company is one of the strongest concerns of the kind in this country or England and the responsibility of Mr. Lyon's position can be plainly seen.

In April 1885, he was married to Miss Margaret McKnight, of Allegheny city. She survives him with five children, the eldest of whom is twelve years. They are: Stuart Lyon, Margery, Fanny, Anne and Catherine.

The funeral took place Friday afternoon. Interment in Highland Cemetery at that place.

Penns Valley's First Sewing Machine.

Last week's Centre Hall Reporter says: The first sewing machine was brought to this valley nigh fifty years ago. It was a Singer machine and owned by a tailor by the name of Young, near Centre Hill, and was considered a wonderful thing. It was coarse in construction, mounted on a short, square board and operated by an ordinary pedal under the tailor's bench. It no more looked like a sewing machine of these days than does a smoked sausage look like a lawyer. Nevertheless the "wonderful" thing answered all the purposes of the country tailor.

The machine cost something like $165, on which there must have been $160 profit above first cost. Mr. Young having died the machine was put up at public sale among the other personal effects of the deceased. Thomas Harper, who at that time carried on a tailoring establishment at Aaronsburg, learning that the sewing machine was to be put up at the sale, went to Centre Hill, became a bidder, and it was knocked off to him for something like $80. He had the machine in use in his shop many years, and still has it in his possession. When operated it made a racket like a young thresher and could be heard quite a distance from the shop. It is worth preserving as a relic.

Hard on Card Players.

Circuit Judge Settle created a sensation at Bowling Green, Ky., by his charge to the grand jury a few days ago, and all society is a-tremble. The charge was on the subject of gambling, and the judge charged the jury to return indictments for all kinds of gambling, declaring that it made no difference whether it was progressive euchre played in the parlor of one of the society leaders for prizes, or whether it was with chips across the green cloth of a gambling den. It is expected that the grand jury will take the bull by the horns and return indictments as directed.

THERE will be no special haste in the work of organizing the legislature, so far as the minor appointments are concerned.

THIS year's business promises to exceed even the great record of last year.

THE Cubans are beginning to realize the power of the flag under which they are now living.

20 Years of Vile Catarrh.

Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from throat and nasal catarrh for over 20 years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within 15 minutes after using Dr Agnew's Catarral Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me."—92

Sold by J N & S Krumrine

Deer Drops on a Quarryman.

A strange and probably fatal accident occurred on Dale's Hills, near Lewisburg, a few days ago. Reuben Cromley, an old lime burner, was working in his quarries when a deer leaped from the cliff and struck him knocking him senseless He has not regained consciousness, and his death is looked for. It is supposed the deer, when it jumped over the cliff, was fleeing from dogs.

Why not be well?

If you are suffering with any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs, ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*** will make you well again. It has cured cases that bordered on the miraculous.

It quickly cures men and women of inability to hold urine, and they are not compelled to get up often and make water at night. It removes the scalding sensation in passing it, and, when taken according to directions, it invariably cures pains in the small of the back. ***Favorite Remedy*** not only cures Stone in the Bladder and Bright's Disease, but prevents them from developing.

One case is that of JOHN J. NEILL, of 2011 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. In 1889 he began to suffer indescribable miseries from Stone in the Bladder. An eminent physician said a surgical operation was necessary. If unsuccessful it meant death, and Mr. Neill put off the evil day as long as possible. While in this frame of mind he heard of ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,*** and bought it. Before he had finished the third bottle the gravel was completely dissolved and his sufferings were at an end.

Favorite Remedy is a perfect Blood and Nerve medicine. It restores the liver to a healthy condition, cures the worst cases of Constipation, and all diseases peculiar to females. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism. Your druggist will sell you a regular full-sized bottle for $1.00.

Sample Bottle Free.

Those sufferers who wish to try ***Favorite Remedy*** before buying should send their full postoffice address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and ***mention this paper.*** A free sample bottle will be sent them prepaid, together with full directions for using. This is a genuine offer, and all our readers can depend upon it.

THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON

THE LEDGER MONTHLY

A $1.00 MAGAZINE FOR 50 CENTS.

A richly illustrated and beautiful periodical, covering the whole field of popular reading.

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COMMENTS OF THE PRESS OF THE WHOLE UNITED STATES,

the most wonderful production for its price. Simply to see a copy of the LEDGER MONTHLY is to be firmly convinced that no such costly periodical has ever been offered to the public for so little money. Your sample copy will prove this to you.

Your Postmaster will show you a sample copy of the LEDGER MONTHLY and also take your subscription for the LEDGER MONTHLY for a whole year for only 50 CENTS.

Don't fail to ask your Postmaster to let you look at a sample copy, and you will be sure to give him your 50 cents for a year's subscription to the LEDGER MONTHLY, the Great Family Magazine.

ROBERT BONNER'S SONS, Publishers,
160 Ledger Building, New York City.

WE GIVE AWAY FREE, Your choice of either this magnificent SOLID GOLD-plated chain bracelet, or a pair of ladies' elegant silk garters, in colors, with exquisitely chased STERLING SILVER-plated or SOLID GOLD-plated buckles. DON'T SEND MONEY, merely your name and address. We will send you post paid for the bracelet, 10 large handsome linen doylies at 10 cents each; for the garters, 10 large handsome table center pieces at 20 cents each to sell among your friends. Collect the money and send to us, and upon receipt we will mail you the present you select. State in your inquiry whether you want doylies or center pieces.

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For FARMERS and VILLAGERS,
and your favorite home paper.
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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BOTH One Year for $1.50

THE N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE has an Agricultural Department of the highest merit, all important news of the Nation and World, comprehensive and reliable market reports, able editorials, interesting short stories, scientific and mechanical information, Illustrated fashion articles, humorous pictures, and is instructive and entertaining to every member of every family.

THE REPUBLICAN gives you all the local news, political and social, keeps you in close touch with your neighbors and friends, on the farm and in the village, informs you as to local prices for farm products, the condition of crops and prospects for the year, and is a bright, newsy, welcome and indispensable weekly visitor at your home and fireside.

Send all subscriptions to THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa

CROKER FOR EXPANSION.

The Tammany Leader in Square Opposition to Bryan.

OUR PEOPLE WILL NOT COUNT COST

He Believes in Holding Whatever the Country Gains and in Making No Show of Weakness—Will Afford Our Young Men a Chance to Exploit Their Energy.

CROKER REPUDIATES FREE SILVER

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The "Journal" will today print the following statement given out last night by Richard Croker:

"I believe in expansion; I believe in holing whatever possessions we have gained by annexation, purchase or war. This policy is not only patriotic, but it is the only safe one to pursue. Any other policy would show weakness on the part of the United States, and invite foreign complications. This must be avoided. hence our policy must be vigorous. Jefferson was an expensionist, otherwise he would not have favored the acquisition of Louisiana, with its foreign population, which in Jefferson's time was quite as remote as the Philippines. In this age of steam and electricity, distance is no argument against expansion. We spend millions annually for missionary work in foreign countries. Now, we have a chance to spend this money in our own possessions and make the people of our own lands good, law-abiding citizens, who in time will be loyal to our Constitution and our flag. Take England, for example. The people of this little isle come pretty near owning the universe. Are not our people as intelligent, as powerful and as patriotic as the English people? The United States is the only country on earth superior to the English. Why not illustrate to the world that we are fully able to cope with greater problems than we have had occasion to in the past and in the future dominate any emergency?

"We have a population of 80,000,000 people; the country teems with young men full of life, hope and ambition. Why not give these young men a chance to develope our newly-acquired possessions, and build up a country rivaling in grandeur and patriotism our own United States? I say by all means hold on to all that rightfully belongs to us. If the great country west of the Rocky mountains were filled with wild Indians at the present moment, how long would it take us to suppress them and make them respect our laws and our Constitution? The same thing applies to the Philippines, and any other country that may fall into our hands by the province of peace or war,

"It is an insult to the American people and to our flag even to suggest that we abandon the peoples we have released from bondage, or, what would be more disgraceful that we should offer to sell them to the highest bidder. Such a proposition places the American people in the same category with the Chinese, who have neither patriotism nor a foreign policy, and are in consequence utilized as a door mat by the powers of the world. This is too great a question to be considered as a mere matter of dollars and cents. Our people want their rights protected; they will not figure on the cost. Bring it down to local government, in the case of street cleaning, the cry is 'we want clean streets' regardless of the cost. They demand them as their right. Just so with our possessions the people want the properties acquired by war protected. They will pay for a standing army, a powerful navy and the protection of our flag the world over, regardless of any monetary consideration. They have proved their willingness to sacrifice their blood for the honor of their country and their flag. And when the question is brought to an issue they will arise as one man and demand expansion as a citizen's sacred right.

"I think the 16 to 1 question, as outlined in the Chicago platform, a decidedly dead issue. This was fully demonstrated in the last election. We did not embody the 16 to 1 question in our platform, and the result is that we elected every one of our Congressmen."

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

THE collars that are worn now days have a tendency to make Americans a high-headed people.

—See a lot of men and women in another column carrying on their heads great loads of grapes at Boa Vista vineyards, Portugal, for making into wine. It is interesting. Read all about it. Speer N. J., wines are made from the same grape the oldest and finest produced in the world.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salery straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75 References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 529-16t

Delicate Children

They do not complain of anything in particular. They eat enough, but keep thin and pale. They appear fairly well, but have no strength. You cannot say they are really sick, and so you call them delicate.

What can be done for them?

Our answer is the same that the best physicians have been giving for a quarter of a century. Give them

Scott's Emulsion

of *Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites.* It has most remarkable nourishing power. It gives color to the blood. It brings strength to the muscles. It adds power to the nerves. It means robust health and vigor. Even delicate infants rapidly gain in flesh if given a small amount three or four times each day.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Revenge on the Negro.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 7.—Two bills have been introduced in the house of the North Carolina legislation requiring all railroads in the state to furnish separate coaches for white and colored passengers. One of the bills is an exact copy of the law now in force in Tennessee, and which has been declared constitutional.

The other is similar to it, except that it provides "that any first class coach may be divided into compartments, separated by a substantial partition, in lieu of a separate coaches."

A bill also was introduced in the house to amend the state constitution so as to provide that "all moneys arising from the taxation of the polls and property of the white race, for public schools, shall be appropriated to the support of the public schools of the white race, and all the moneys arising from the taxation of the polls and property of the colored race, for public schools, shall be appropriated to the support of the public schools of the colored race."

The school fund is now proportioned according to population, the negroes getting as much per capita as the white people, though they pay only about 10 per cent. of the tax.

—Newton Stover, of Aaronsburg, is planing to build for himself a new home at that place, the coming summer.

COLDS

Colds are easily taken and often develop into bronchitis or consumption. You should cure a cold promptly with Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup. This celebrated remedy is most efficient and will cure a cold at once.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Promptly cures Stubborn Colds.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

THE solicitude concerning the success of Governor Stone's administration which it manifested by newspapers that did all that lay in their power to defeat him is very touching. They are particularly anxious that he shall avoid calling upon true and genuine republicans, who are also his intimate friends to assist him. They want to name his cabinet. Modest as they are, the fates seem to be against them.

IT is needless to remark that numerous new year resolutions have been broken already.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S **Favorite Remedy**
The one sure cure for
The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

DO YOU USE TIN BOXES?

If so we can supply you probably at much less cost than you can purchase them elsewhere. Can give them to you either plain, Japaned or decorated, round or square, small or large. Call and get our prices and examine the boxes. We can satisfy you.

Green's Pharmacy.

Dr. David Kennedys **Favorite Remedy**
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study. Insure best results to students of

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EDWARD T. TUTEN.

EDITORIAL.

BALLOT law improvement would please the voters.

JANUARY 1, 1899, will ever stand in the annuals of Cuba as the brightest day in the history of the island, the day upon which the island passed under the protection of Old Glory.

JERRY SIMPSON is of opinion that that 16 to 1 fad has been worked out. This is an indication that Jerry is not as ignorant as he looks, and that he is not inclined to waste his energies in the pursuit of dead issues.

THE Navy Department can ensure a fortune to the man who will invent a preparation that will really make wood fireproof; it is wanted for use on fighting ships. There are a number of fireproofing processes, but none that will stand all the tests.

SOME how or other it comes quite natural to write "1899." It is less of an effort than usual, for everybody has been talking so much about it that it seems as if it had already arrived some time since. The consequence will be that there will be less confusion and fewer mistakes in dating letters for the new year than is ordinarily the case.

THERE is a good deal of mystery connected with republican politics in Pennsylvania just now, but very little uncertainty. The republicans who declined to go into the caucus will not vote for a democrat, and when the proper time arrives and decisive action scatters the fog, Senator Quay will be his own successor for six years from the 4th of *M*arch.

AN old gentleman was reprimanding his son for staying out late at night. Said he: "Young man, when I was your age my father put me to bed at dark and I stayed there until morning." "You had an ignoramus for a father then," the young buck retorted. Whereupon the old man indignantly remarked: "I had a d——l of a sight smarter father than you ever had."

*M*R. RICHARD CROKER, the gentle man who is the head and front of Tammany Hall, and who owns all the local officials in New York, has declared in favor of the policy of colonial expansion. That will not help expansion very much, but it will seriously embarass the democratic party, whereof *M*r. Croker is a shining light. Incidentally the boss repudiates the 16 to 1 coinage theory also.

AS TO pardons, the release of J. Monroe Shellenberger, the Doylestown attorney, has excited the greatest comment—pro and con—with the majority indorsing the merciful course. He was a member of the bar, possessed of education and fine instincts. He was tempted to use money given him in trust, and fell. Eight years in jail to such a man, coupled with far more than he has lost besides, is deemed adequate punishment to satisfy "justice." Probably this is how the Pardon Board viewed it.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Jan. 9th, 1899.

President McKinley is no more inclined to officially recognize Aguinaldo's man Agoncillo, now that he claims to be Minister from the Philippine Republic, than when he came to Washington as Aguinaldo's personal agent. Then the President consented to receive him as an individual, with the stipulation that nothing of an official nature should occur at the interview. That is further than Agoncillo is likely to get this time. This fellow, aided by the anti-expansionists, and out of Congress, is largely responsible for the present unsatisfactory condition of affairs in the Philippines. He gave Aguinaldo advance notice that the policy of this government would be conciliatory towards the insurgents, and told him that the anti-expansion element in this country was powerful, and that if he would take a bold stand, it would aid him in getting recognition from this government. The effect of this information may be very disastrous to Aguinaldo and his followers, as it may cause orders to be sent to *G*en. Otis to put them down by forcible, instead of persuasive means.

Owing to the illness of Chairman Hull, of the House Military committee, the army bill has not been called up in the House, but Mr. Hull expects to return to duty this week, and to push the bill through the House without further delay.

Senator Morgan will endeavor to get the Senate to set a time for voting on his Nicaragua Canal bill, this week, and he is confident of success.

With less than one third of its members in attendance, the House, by a majority of six, while as a Committee of the whole voted to strike out the appropriation for the Civil Service Commission, but the vote was reversed today, when the matter came up before a larger attendance.

Senator McLaurin came very near making a bull's-eye when he said: "There ought to be a law that every President of the U. S. should first serve a term in the Senate or the House. A very large degree of President *M*cKinley's popularity is due to the fact that he has been through the Congressional mill and knows how to deal with Senators and Representatives. He appreciates their difficulties and helps them to the utmost, manifesting toward them a friendliness, which they appreciate. If President Cleveland had a Congressional training he would not have made so many enemies. His lack of that experience was one of the rocks upon which he was wrecked."

The late James *G*. Blaine foreshadowed the annexation of Hawaii and the Philippine islands in an editorial in a Maine newspaper, years before he became prominent as a statesman. He wrote—it seems like inspired prophecy when read in connection with recent events—that the time would come when the U. S. would have to enlarge its boundaries, if it was to hold its fair share of the commerce of the world, and pointed out that Hawaii and the Philippines were within the natural sphere of our influence, and predicted that it would become absolutely necessary for this country to control the Philippines, as the key to the trade of the Orient.

There was no significance in the adoption by the Senate of Mr. Hoar's resolution—asking the President, if not incompatable with public interests, to send to the Senate all the instructions given to our Peace Commissioners, although some of the anti-expansionists are trying hard to make themselves and the public believe there was. The resolution is no more binding upon the President than his discretion makes it; he can give or not give the information asked for. The anti's have somehow got the idea that it will hurt expansion to bring out officially what everybody has known unofficially for months; that our commissioners were originally instructed to only demand the island of Luzon of Spain, and that their instructions were changed upon reports made by them, after their arrival at Paris. So much has been told to individual Senators already by their colleagues who were Peace Commissioners, and the story would doubtless have been more fully told as soon as the Senate begins to consider the treaty of peace in secret session, regardless of this resolution whether all his reasons for changing those instructions will be told at this time, is a question that President McKinley will decide for himself The Committee on Foreign Relations will this week favorably report the treaty to the Senate, and then it will speedily become apparent whether the anti's will dare to delay the ratification of the treaty, knowing that it will be impossible for them to defeat it by votes.

The appointment of Benj. F. Fifield, to succeed the late Senator Morrill, of Vt., was somewhat of a surprise in Washington, although those who know Senator Fifield speak in the highest terms of him. The general belief in Washington is that Gov. Smith chose Mr. Fifield to serve until the legislature meets—in October 1900,—because he did not care to decide between the stronger political claims of Ex-Gov. Dillingham and Representative *G*rout.

LAST summer a United States ship of war, on its way to Manila, stopped at Guam and after a few shots in the air captured the island. Then the ship sailed away with the captured colony added to the list of Uncle Sam's possessions. When the last trace of smoke was seen on the horizon the island uncaptured itself and determined to be Spanish again So another ship has gone out from *M*anila to point a gun across the harbor and capture the thing again. It is plain that we will have to tie strings to some of our new islands if we are to have any luck with them.

American Wire Nails.

Wire nails have very nearly superseded the cut varity, and in their manufacture the United States takes the lead, exporting them to almost every country in the world. During the five years from 1892 to 1897 the production of cut nails fell from 450,000,000 pounds to 210,000,000; during the same period the production of wire nails rose from 471,000,000 to nearly 900,000,000 pounds. The price of nails in the meantime has been reduced from ten cents per pound in 1888 to two cents and under in 1898.

THE present legislature of Pennsyvania has already done an unprecedented thing. At its first session it adopted a joint resolution providing for final adjournment on April 20. That was a very good resolution, and we hope it will be kept.

HOLDS ITS GROUND.

This is Testimony From Everywhere as Well as From Bellefonte.

Can this be so? Is this true? Are the facts Garbled? Is the truth Distorted? These are questions which every man and woman in Bellefonte suffering the tortures of backache asks as they read the published accounts in newspapers about medicines which claim to cure it. Whatever the conclusions arrived at touching the truth of these cures are he can't hedge or flinch from or disprove the following, for it took place in Bellefonte, and the experiences are those of a Bellefonte citizen.

Mr. A. B. Steel, of Halfmoon Hill, says: "I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills two years ago. I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store, and used them but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was at that time so bad with lumbago or lameness across my kidneys that I had to lay off work. I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that, whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pills finished all that suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did then."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Millburn Co., Buffalo. N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name *D*oan's and take no substitute.

COL. Bryan, while he cannot point to any present cause for extensive calamity howling, is still able to see lots of room for the exercise of that congenial occupation in the future.

As "Joe" Wheeler seems to like the generaling business pretty well, it will not break his heart that he has been thrown out of Congress.

Our Western County Neighbors.

Edward K. Lane, the Rough Rider from Washington county, is now driving the hack between West Middletown and Washington.—Brownsville Clipper.

Resolved, that a mother-in-law is more destructive in a family than a bulldog, will be the topic of the debate on Friday night at the Dewey society in East Pike Run township.—Canonsburg Herald.

Funerals are costly affairs, and what is worse, they grow more costly each year. A child's funeral in Meyersdale costs anywhere from $25 to $75, and an adult from $60 to $150. The truth of the matter is a poor man or woman cannot afford to die, and the only reason they do is because they cannot help it.—Meyersdale Commercial.

Three weeks ago an item appeared in this paper to the effect that a Holstein calf owned by J. H. Davis, of Oakland township, tipped the scales at 92 pounds when two days old. W. H. Grabe, of Jefferson township, now comes to the front with a Shorthorn calf that weighed 97 pounds at the same age. If this thing keeps up calves will be beeves at birth.—Butler Eagle.

COMING down to plain figures, the United States is now the fourth naval power in the world, those nations exceeding our own being *G*reat Britain, France and *G*ermany. But when the new ships ordered are complete, and the navy is enlarged in accordance with the program adopted, we shall stand second in the list.

Slandering the Fathers.

In his speech at the Jackson day celebration in Chicago W.J. Bryan took occasion to again register his opposition to expansion, or as he preferred to call it, imperialism. He declared that the Democracy of the Nation was still defending Jeffersonian principles with Jacksonian courage, and had no thought of departing from the principles enunciated at Chicago in 1896. If the shades of Jefferson and Jackson hover around the scenes where modern 16 to 1 anti-expansion Democrats gather and take their names in vain, they must grow exceedingly tired of the whole farcical performance. Neither Jefferson nor Jackson had any use for a debased paper currency when they could get good solid coin money, and to try and give sanction of their great names to the tomfoolery of the Chicago platform is an outrage which every patriot ought to resent.

But not content with this Mr. Bryan tried to make it appear that in opposing expansion he was again treading in the footsteps of the illustrious patrons of true Democracy Jefferson and Jackson were the two greatest expansionists this country has ever known. Jefferson bought Louisiana without the consent of its inhabitants and then sent armies into it to subdue its people. Jackson invaded Florida, then the property of Spain, in time of peace, and wanted to take it by force of arms. He advised and encouraged President Polk to make war on *M*exico; not only for the purpose of annexing Texas, but also to take all the great territory between it and the Pacific. It is no wonder that Richard Croker refuses to follow Mr. Bryan any longer and declares for sound money and expansion as the only truly Democratic principles.

—It is estimated that there are 199,900,000 old style copper pennies somewhere. Nobody knows what become of them, except that once in a while single specimens turn up in change. A few years ago 4,500,000 bronze two cent pieces were set afloat. Three millions of them are still out standing, but are never seen. A million of three-cent pieces are scattered over the United States, but it is very seldom that one comes across any of them. Of the 800,000 one-half-cent pieces not one has been turned to the government for coinage or held by the treasury.

Among the other good resolutions it is whispered that foreign nations resolved not to make war on Uncle Sam this year. Spain is sorry she did not include that in hers last January.

JOHN BULL takes the precaution to give fair warning that on account of recent incidents in the Soudan he considers himself a full partner with the Khedive in that piece of real estate.

An Unlikely Scheme.

The report that *G*en, *G*omez, the Cuban leader, cherishes the idea of uniting Cuba and San Domingo in one republic, to which Haiti shall be subsequently joined, is interesting but probably not true. Gen. Gomez is an old man now, and the summit of his earthly ambition will doubtless be reached when the American occupation of Cuba ceases and its independence is formally acknowledged. After that event the Cubans are likely to have enough to occupy them for many years with their own affairs, without attempting to hitch on those of their neighbors.

The island of Haiti is only separated from the eastern end of Cuba by about 80 miles of sea, but the republic of Haiti is on the end of the island nearest Cuba and that of Santo Domingo would at the further end. A union of Cuba and Santo Domingo would therefore not be of contiguous territory. Santo Domingo is controlled by Spaniards and the descendants of Spaniards and the aborigines. It has also a considerable negro and mulatto population. The total of its inhabitants is about 610,000, and the republic's territory covers 18,045 square miles. Haiti's affairs are controlled by the pure negro element, which comprises nine-tenths of the population, while the remaining tenth is mostly a mixed race. Its total population is 1,210,625, or probably as great as is that of Cuba now. Its area is 11,070 square miles. The eastern end of Santo Domingo is only about 75 miles from our new possession of Porto Rico, and is more likely to be influenced from the latter than from Cuba. A consideration of these facts will show the unlikelihood of the union of Cuba, Santo Domingo and Haiti under one independent government.

The Inquirer Almanac.

The death of the old year and the birth of the brand new 1899 turns our thoughts to the possibilities of the future and the happenings of the past. Opportunely upon this occasion comes to our notice The Philadelphia Inquirer Almanac for 1899, which, we find upon looking through, supplies our minds, in concise form, with the thoughts of all the happenings for 1898. This book is, as usual, attractively bound, but what is of far greater importance, the text contained between its covers is the most valuable compilation of useful information which 528 pages of closely printed matter will admit of.

The 1899 issue of The Inquirer Year Book is late, owing to the fact that the forms were kept open for the purpose of including all statistics up to the last possible date and the official election returns from Pennsylvania and surrounding States.

Herein lies one great value of this useful handbook. Besides the fullest State and municipal election tables, this valuable work exhaustively treats of a vast scope of topics, some of which it may be interesting to enumerate. The Spanish-American War, history, chronology, casualities, comparative strength of armies and navies; the American army and navy, a compend of American history to date; our foreign policy; Canadian-American Joint commission; City, State and National government; the fifty-fifth Congress, members and summary of legislation; complete maps of Cuba, Hawaii, Ladrone-Islands, the Philippines and Porto Rico; fishing—where to go and what it costs; facts you want to know; questions often asked; complete sporting records for 1898, and comparisons; full text of Mrs. Rorer's cooking lectures for 1898; for men of the yea Hawaiian annexation; our new possessions; Alaska in 1898; of the year in fact, is too great for more than suggested outline in this column.

The Inquirer Almanac for 1899 is for sale at all News stands and by all news agents, and it will be found that 25 cents so invested will be a good beginning of the yet fresh New year.

Now that the inspection of cold roast turkey has ended with the Monday dinner the country can take up the question of army beef once more.

Severe Pains

Caused by Stomach and Liver Troubles—Could Not Eat or Sleep—Great Weakness—Now Entirely Cured—Hood's Sarsaparilla Did It.

"I suffered for about five years with stomach and liver troubles and tried different remedies without much benefit. I had spells of vomiting which would last for a long time and I suffered severe pain. I could not eat or sleep. I was very weak and could hardly walk across the room. While suffering one of those terrible spells my husband urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Finally I consented and after taking the first bottle I was greatly benefited. I have now taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and am cured. I have not had any of those bad spells and can eat anything I wish." MRS. WESLEY FREDENBURG, Box 69, Catskill, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

CUBA has been under American rule just one week, and from the reports received more progress has been made than the most hopeful had reason to expect. The work of pacifying the island is going on without much difficulty and the beneficent effects of the American policy are already being felt and appreciated by the inhabitants. The end of Spanish supremacy in Cuba is a blessing to civilization, and it is more than probable that the people there will desire America's continued administration even in preference to self government.

THERE were 2,778,304 men furnished to the Union armies by the various states during the civil war, and there are now, thirty-three years after the close of the war, 993,714 names on the *G*overnment pension rolls on account of that war. This is more than one third of the entire number of men engaged on the Union side, and considerably more than one-half of the number that actually served with our armies as soldiers. What wonder that the world stands amazed at our pension list!

To their honor be it said that the camps of Confederate Veterans throughout the south are passing resolutions vigorously protesting against the sentimental action of Senator Butler, of North Carolina, in proposing to put them on the pension list. They are not responsible for the suggestion and it now looks as though they are all willing to repudiate it.

A CERTAIN paper, in an obituary of a man who had died in the community, said, "A long procession followed the remains to their last roasting place." Of course the family rushed to the "print shop" to have the "error" corrected. The editor explained that he could not do it until the seven years back subscription the deceased owed had been paid.

A MAN who chews ten cents' worth of tobacco a day or smokes two five cent cigars a day will, in 20 years, have spent $730. This put at interest at 6 per cent., compounded annually, would have yielded $609.99, which, added to the $730, makes a total of $1,339.99. Now is a good time to swear off.

AGUINALDO is beginning to realize that he is weak and that Uncle Sam is strong.

IT has been decided that the Pullman company cannot own and run a town, but the power and perquisites of the Pullman porter remain unimpaired.

WAKE ISLAND, which President McKinley has ordered taken possession of, seems to be correctly named for a cable station.

THERE is no law to prevent such democrats as have a notion to throw themselves in front of the expansion train and get ground into mincemeat

IF an agreement between Bryan and Carnegie isn't a trust, pray what is it?

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

HOOD'S PILLS

Rouse the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HORRORS OF A HOTEL FIRE

Three Lives Lost and Four Injured In Pittsburg.

FOUGHT DESPERATELY TO ESCAPE

Forget the Fire Escape and Were Imprisoned By Smoke and Flames.

THE NAMES OF THE VICTIMS

PITTSBURG, Jan. 9.—Three persons are dead and a number of others are suffering from burns as the result of a fire which destroyed the Hotel Richelieu, No. 1109 Liberty street, opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Union Station, early this morning.

The dead are:

Geo. A. Watters, peddler, 28 years old, burned to death.

Amos L. Landis, glass worker, of Jeannette, suffocated.

Miss Kate Boyle, domestic, 28 years old, suffocated.

The severely injured include Dr. Robert Blakesley, of Plymouth, Pa., who jumped from a third story window and injured his spine so that it is thought he will die; William Garrettson, of Clearfield, burned about the face and head; John L. Mills, proprietor of the hotel, burned about the hands; Miss Mills, niece of the proprietor, feet blistered by running over burning flooring.

Watters came here last August from Camden, where his father, Edward Watters, resides. The latter was notified of his son's death. Watters' wife lives in Philadelphia. He was a peddler and was burned in his room.

Landis came from Jeannette last night to join a local council of the Junior O. U. A. M.

Miss Boyle was a domestic in the Hotel Lawrence, near the Hotel Richelieu. She and Watters and Landis were alive when the firemen carried them from the building, but died on their way to the hospital. All were imprisoned in their rooms by smoke and flames.

The fire was discovered shortly after 3 o'clock in the morning and the flames made rapid headway. The hotel was a three-story brick building. There were rope fire escapes in all of the front rooms and an iron ladder in the rear. Few guests thought of them. After the fire started it communicated to a can of benzine, which exploded. This threw fire into the halls and rooms and the guests had little time to escape. None of them waited to don clothes with the exception of Dr. Blakesley. Those who were unable to get down the stairway stood at windows until the firemen arrived and rescued them.

The doors and windows of some of the rooms are splashed with blood, showing that the occupants fought desperately and injured themselves trying to escape from the flames. Watters, Landis, Blakesley, Garrettson, Miss Boyle and Miss Mills were sleeping on the third floor.

Watters, Landis and Miss Boyle occupied rooms which had a window looking out into an areaway. They were cut off from escape by the doors by smoke and from the windows by fire which came up the areaway.

Robt. N. Thompson, of Kalaska, Mich., a salesman for the Cadillac Lumber company, was the means of saving at least six lives. In the first moments after the explosion he rushed into the hallway of the second floor and stumbled over the unconscious form of a woman, whom he dragged into the reception room. Five others, three men and two women, who had been turned back from the stairway by the flames, were shrieking and fighting for some exit. Thompson forced them all into the big room and locked the door. Knowing that it meant death to go into the hall he fought the desperate men back until the arrival of the firemen, when they were rescued.

THERE is a revival of the talk of a new White House, but the old one is still considered a very desirable place of residence.

THE British have killed 500 more dervishes in the Soudan, but a little affair like that, after the slaughter of Omdurman, excites not attention.

AFTER all of its claims Alaska last year, according to the report of the director of the mint, sent us only a little more than $2,000,000 of gold, instead of the promised $50,000,000. The conclusion is that Alaska is largely a frapped fraud.

MAY not it be that a good deal of the exciting news the country is getting from the Philippines just now is being prepared by the agents of our dear friends the continental powers?

Pays to Be Constable.

The decision of the supreme court a few days ago upon a test case from Lancaster county means thousands of dollars increase in the costs to counties of the states, and at the same time greater revenues for the constabulary. Constable Price, of Lancaster county, claimed 50 cents in fees for each witness subpoenaed and 10 cents for every mile he traveled.

The commissioners refused to pay the bill and in a suit to recover, Judge Livingston, of the lower court, decided that the constable was entitled to but 50 cents, no matter how many names were in the subpoena, and in mileage was entitled to each and every mile necessarily traveled in the service of the writ. The commissioners appealed to the superior court, which reversed the lower court as to the subpoena, gave the constable 50 cents for each and every witness on his subpoena, and held that the constable was only entitled to 10 cents per mile traveled one way. The commissioners next appealed to the supreme court, which has just affirmed the decision of the superior court

Those familiar with the quarter sessions cases know that there are many witnesses in each trial, and that the costs for criminal cases will now be largely augmented. Prior to the change in law making 50 cents the legal fee for subpoenaing witnesses the fee was 15 cents, which was considered fair compensation.

Guffey Out of the Race.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 11.—National Democratic Committeeman J. M. Guffy Tuesday night withdrew his name as a candidate for the caucus nomination for United States senator in favor of George A. Jenks, the recent Democratic candidate for governor. In doing so, Mr. Guffey said:

"Many of my friends have urged me to be a candidate and assured me of the nomination, but my desire is to unite the party, and I think the best way to do so is to select George A. Jenks and stick to him. He is a safe, clean Democrat, and the vigorous campaign made by him for the governorship made it possible to elect eighty-seven Democratic members of the legislature. He is the logical candidate and should be—I think will be—nominated practically without opposition."

Col. Guffey stated that in his own opinion Mr. Jenks was the choice of Democrats generally, and he would favor his nomination. During the day Mr. Guffey held informal conferences with a number of men prominent in the party, and his announcement of Mr. Jenks as a candidate followed. The latter, who was in the city Tuesday on legal business, consented to the use of his name. He said: "I really have no desire for the honor, but in response to the urging of so many friends I agree to the use of my name as a candidate for the nomination."

Among those who called on Col. Guffey were ex-Gov. Robert E. Pattison, ex-National Committeeman William F. Harrity, ex-congressman William H. Sowden, of Allentown, Representative Dixon, of Elk, Representatives Creasy and Chrisman, of Columbia, County chairman Moyer, of Schuylkill and prominent local Democrats.

Two brothers from a north Missouri county appeared at the portals of the St. Joseph insane asylum, one of them to be incarcerated there as a patient, the other one having him in charge as far as the asylum. They were dressed very much alike and the casual observer on the train would not have detected any signs of insanity in either. When the keeper appeared each insisted that he had brought the other. The asylum manager was in a quandary. He chatted with his visitors until a late hour and then locked them in a room together. Then he telegraphed the authorities in the town where the brothers lived: "Two men from your town arrived today; both dressed alike; one calls himself Bill and talks about building an air line to the moon; the other goes by the name of Dave and advocates free silver at the ratio 16 to 1; which shall I keep?"

A stonecutter received the following epitaph from a German to be cut upon the tombstone of his wife:

"Mine wife Susan is dead. if she had life til nex friday she'd been dead shust two weeks. As a tree falls so must it stan, all things is impossible mit God.

THE proposed American electric railway in Havana will put some go into that town.

READY TO FIGHT!

Trouble Is Brewing in the Philippines.

BOTH ARMIES ARE ANXIOUS

Meanwhile the Officials at Washington Have Confidence That No Blood Will Be Shed at Iloilo, Etc.

GENTLE POLICY HAS BEEN ADOPTED

MANILA, January 10.—The situation is rapidly approaching a climax, and it is just possible that to-day will see a peaceful solution. Meanwhile all sorts of alarmist rumors are in circulation. The United States authorities are taking every precaution; the troops in quarters are under arms and the Californians have disembarked from the transports.

The natives, it is reported, have been ordered not to work for the Americans, and the employes in the commissary department have gone on strike. Many natives are leaving the city.

Major General Otis, however, has the whole situation thoroughly in hand. A second proclamation by Aguinaldo, bearing the same date as the one which immediately followed the proclamation of Major General Otis based upon President McKinley's instructions, first appeared on the streets yesterday, but it is alleged to have been recalled. Its terms are much more vehement than those used in the first proclamation.

Aguinaldo threatens to drive the Americans from the islands, calls the deity to witness that their blood will be on their heads if it is shed, and details at greater length the promises he claims were made by the Americans as to the part of the insurgents in the campaign. It is believed that this second proclamation is the original draft, which was not adopted by the Filipino congress at Malalos.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—The administration officials admit that the Philippine situation is grave, but they will not say that it is by any means hopeless. The government's instructions sent to General Miller at Iloilo were to land and get in communication with the insurgents. This is as far as his orders have gone, except that when he has established communication with the insurgent officials and people he is to make public the purposes of the United States. Not a shot is to be fired by the forces of this country unless they are attacked or until further orders are given from here. This programme was agreed upon between President McKinley and Secretary Alger several days ago.

The policy to be adopted now is a gentle one. Persuasion will be used before powder. That will be the last resort and Secretary Alger is optimistic in his views that it will never be necessary. The president, it is said, also views the situation in a similarly hopeful manner. He believes that the Filipinos will become less suspicious when they understand fully the intentions of this country. He believes that careful work on the part of the prudent officials will convince the Filipinos of the earnestness of the United States and of the purpose of this government to protect their lives and property.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Weather Bureau as a Witness.

The weather bureau has got to be a witness in a lawsuit. Claims amounting to $1,000,000 or more have been filed against the owner of the steamship Portland, which went to wreck in the November blizzard and was lost off the Massachusetts coast. The company has anticipated these claims by appealing to United States courts for a decree limiting the value of their stock. In other words they are willing to pay damages for loss of life and cargo up to the value of the vessel but object to being held liable for three or four times as much as the capital of the company. Involved in this application is the question whether the managers are not liable for criminal negligence also in sending the steamer to sea in the face of a warning from the weather bureau. It can be clearly shown that the usual forecast of the weather was furnished at the office of the company on the morning of the day on which the steamer sailed, and that it indicated foul weather and a severe gale. It will also be shown that storm signals were flying from several places within view of officers of the steamship and that the captain of the Portland personally received warning against venturing out in the face of the gale, but did not heed them, and with the consent of his employers carried 165 soul to destruction.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

QUAY WINS IN THE CAUCUS.

The Senior Senator the Nominee of the Republican Party to Succeed Himself.

A UNANIMOUS NOMINATION.

Two-thirds of the Republican Membership of the Legislature, on Motion of Senator Magee, an Anti-Quay Man, Make Colonel Quay the Choice of the Republican Party For United States Senator.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Jan. 10.—Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay has been declared the choice of the Republican party of Pennsylvania for United States senator. This action was taken by the joint Republican caucus on Tuesday evening last, when upon motion of Colonel Quay's political opponent for many years, Senator C. L. Magee, he was made the unanimous nominee of the party. There were present and voting in the caucus 109 senators and representatives, or more than two-thirds of the Republican membership of the legislature, and every man in the hall went on record in favor of sustaining the action of the majority and making the senior senator the Republican party's candidate to succeed himself.

It was an inspiring scene in the beautifully decorated hall of the house of representatives when the caucus was called to order by Hon. John C. Grady, of Philadelphia. The caucus had been called in accordance with the rules of the Republican party by the chairmen of the caucuses held by the Republican members of the senate and the house, respectively, Senator Grady on the part of the senate and Representative W. T. Marshall, of Allegheny, on the part of the Republican members of the house. Both were elected unanimously by caucus action, and there could be no question as to the regularity of their action. There was a great crowd of spectators present and the speeches of the orators were enthusiastically cheered.

"The Republican party has called you into council to-night," said Senator Grady, in calling the caucus to order, "to select a candidate who can command the largest number of votes in a convention to be held two weeks from today to represent, not only the Republican party, but the state of Pennsylvania in the national congress at Washington. No more important duty can be imposed upon you during your official term than that which falls to you tonight. I will ask you to address yourselves to that duty seriously, and all of you to aid the chair to ascertain who is the choice of the Republican party here tonight. We, as a party, believe in the rule of a majority, and that the man who shall command the largest number of votes here tonight in this party convention is entitled to the support of all members of the convention of the senate and house two weeks from today. All of you, and all your constituents, have opinions on this subject, and there may be some expression upon it tonight. We will proceed to the duty assigned to us."

Senator Walter T. Merrick, of Blossburg, Tioga county, then arose, and in a speech full of feeling and with much eloquence, plaaced the name of Mr. Quay in nomination. Senator Merrick spoke as follows:

"We will select tonight the candidate who should unquestionably be elected United States senator from the state of Pennsylvania for the next six years. He will be the representative of an empire, and he should be a man of the highest attainments and the most marked ability, one able to command the confidence, esteem and respect of the people whom he represents, and also of his colleagues in the august body of which he will become a member, one who well knows the wants and needs of the farmer, the laborer, the business man, the manufacturer, the miner and all the diversified interests of the greatest manufacturing state in the United States.

"I will name one born and reared within our own borders. Whose early training and education was received in a Christian home by Christian parents and surrounded by all the elevating influence of the church, and whose veneration for its institutions has never diminished. A man who had the moral courage to stand up before the world in the high office to which he had been elected and denounce and prevent an attempted public desecration of the Holy Sabbath.

"A citizen whose domestic ties are dearer to him than worldly honors; whose fireside is a typical model American home, and around which clusters a family whose extreme devotion and love for one another appeals to the heart; a home in which the injunction of Holy Writ to 'honor thy father and thy mother' comes not as a command, but as a most pleasing duty; where the father, the mother, sister and brothers are welded in the bonds of paternal and fraternal love, a united, happy family. A wise, brilliant, dashing, daring political leader, who has earned the right to be styled, as he is, the greatest political general of American politics.

"The soldier who bid[illegible] the loved wife and little ones good by, and commending them to the care of Almighty God, offered his life to his country; to save his country's life he was willing to give his own. What greater sacrifice could any man make? Heroes then sprang from every hillside and valley, wives, families, sweethearts were forsaken to save a nation and to preserve the liberty our fathers had given us. My candidate was one of those heroes. One to whom the coward's burning blush of shame was and is unknown. Stricken with fever, compelled to resign his command, yet when he learned a great battle was to be fought begged for a place in the forefront of the fray. Death came from behind that stone wall at Fredericksburg, and swept the union ranks in an appalling manner, and American heroes were laid at rest by thousands. To and fro over that bloody field, where the fighting was fiercest, rode this honorably discharged soldier who loved honor and the 'Star Spangled Banner' of our country dearer than his own life. Congress placed upon his breast a gold medal for distinguished bravery in defense of his country, and tonight we, in recognition of his splendid service to party and country, will again honor him with the senatorial toga. Citizen, soldier, statesman and Napoleon in politics. I have the honor of naming to you the Hon. Matthey Stanley Quay."

All eyes were now directed to John R. Farr, of Lackawanna, the speaker of the house of representatives, who commanded the attention of the chair. Mr. Farr voted for Senator Quay in 1892, and in the Penrose fight cast his vote for Wanamaker.

"I did not expect to say a word at this gathering this evening," began Speaker Farr. "I did expect to support Senator Quay. I was nominated and elected without instructions upon that question. I was delegated to come here and use my judgment as I thought best for the interests of our particular community and for the benefit of the state. I have not always agreed with Senator Quay; I have disagreed oftener with his injudicious friends, but I do agree that Senator Quay ought to be renominated by the Republicans of Pennsylvania, and that he ought to be re-elected by the Republicans of the senate and house, because no man so far as I have been able to study the history and the legislation of this great country has been more potent at Washington. (Cheers.)

"I am especially for Senator Quay because to the Republican party we owe the city of Scranton, with its 100,000 people; and to the Republican party and its idea of protection we owe the county of Luzerne and the county of Lackawanna, the youngest in the state, with its population of 200,000. And I know this, my friends, that in 1891, when the growth of our country demanded a greater market, Senator Quay, through his potent influence, was able to advance the position of the McKinley tariff bill on the senate calendar, and that to his efforts we owe the enactment at that session of the McKinley law. We must all agree that the McKinley law made William McKinley.

"I cannot forget that Matthew Stanley Quay served in the civil war as one of the valiant defenders of our Union; that through that sea of blood our country was saved, and that on account of this great Union and as a result of a glorious war our flag floats in more places than one, over country that was not ours but a short time ago. It is with great pleasure I second the nomination of Senator Quay, and I trust that Pennsylvania will continue to have him as her senior senator." (Great cheering.)

Former president pro tem of the senate, Samuel J. McCarrell, of Dauphin, caught the eye of the chair after the applause which followed Speaker Farr's remarks had subsided. He made an eloquent speech for Senator Quay.

Representative Ebenezer Adams, of Philadelphia, then arose and declared that the war veterans of the commonwealth, their wives and sons, want Matthew Stanley Quay in the senate. He trusted every Republican who heard him would so vote.

Representative William C. Kreps, of Franklin, said he was prepared to respond to the cry that came from every quarter of the commonwealth for the return of Senator Quay.

When the Quay orators had concluded, Senator Magee, of Allegheny, placed Hon. B. F. Jones, of Allegheny, in nomination.

This ended the oratory. The roll call was as follows: Quay, 65; Jones, 9; Magee, 2.

As soon as the vote was announced Mr. Magee said:

"I now move that the nomination be made unanimous."

The outburst of applause which followed this motion was by far the greatest demonstration of the night. Cheer followed cheer, and the Allegheny man who has so long fought Quay was assuredly the lion of the hour. The motion was carried without a dissenting voice, and Chairman Grady said: "I now declare Senator Quay to be the unanimous Republican nominee for United States senator."

Among the 55 absentees were a number of friends of Senator Quay, who have since declared their intention of voting for him.

Words of Wisdom.

Full of courtesies, full of craft.

He that cannot obey, cannot command.

He does not possess wealth, it possesses him.

Approve not of him who commends all you say.

A good man is seldom uneasy, an ill one never easy.

By diligence and patience the mouse bit in two the cable.

All things are cheap to the saving, dear to the wasteful.

He that goes far to marry will either deceive or be deceived.

All things are easy to industry, all things difficult to sloth.

If you would be revenged of your enemy, govern yourself.

Do good to thy friend to keep him, to thy enemy to gain him.

Marry your son when you will, but your daughter when you can.

He that is rich need not live sparingly, and he that can live sparingly need not be rich.

Avarice and happiness never saw each other; how then should they become acquainted?

The poor man must walk to get meat for his stomach, the rich man to get a stomach to his meat.—Poor Richard's Almanack.

BAILEY has at last achieved a triumph in the unseating of "Joe" Wheeler, and it is hoped that he will be duly happy and proud over it.

FIFTH REGIMENT!

Work of Reorganization Moves Quite Rapidly.

SOME TOWNS ARE HOLDING BACK

Their Places Can be Easily Filled, However, and There is a Likelihood of New Commands Being Organized.

THE SITUATION AT PRESENT TIME

The reorganization of the Fifth regiment into the service of the states is progressing rapidly, under the direction of the various company and regimental officers. The adjutant general is anxious to have the old state guard reorganized soon, so as to be ready for emergencies. What will happen to the provisional guard when the old regiments are all mustered in, is not known. It will likely be disbanded, however.

Company H, Fifth regiment, of Johnstown, appears to be in a bad way, and indeed in danger of disbanding. Acting Lieutenant George T. Huston, with the assistance of Orderly Sergeant William R. Smith, will make another effort at 7:30 this evening at the armory to secure the required number of men for the company.

The last attempt was made last Thursday night, and on the failure of a sufficient number of men to respond, word was sent to Colonel Theo. Burchfield notifiying him of the state of affairs. Colonel Burchfield replied that failure of the company to reorganize within a reasonable length of time would be followed by the issuance of orders to disband the company and give some other town a chance. This is in accordance with specific orders from the adjutant general. Company H has thus far secured but twenty of the 50 men required.

Company C, of Holidaysburg, is in a fair way to share the fate of company H. Lieutenant David S. Barr seems to be unable to secure the required number of men and his opportunity will not last much longer. Should the Hollidaysburg company fail to reorganize company C will be recruited in Altoona. Plans have already been made to organize the military company here and secure the proper armory for drill and storage equipment. Altoona should have a company in the Fifth and it will be a comparatively easy matter to secure the required number of men on short notice.

Company A, of Huntingdon, was reorganized by Lieutenant Charles Bathurst as mustering officer on Friday last, with a full quota of men and officers. The same officer reorganized company E, of Clearfield on Saturday, under excellent conditions.

Companies B, of Bellefonte, and G, of Lewistown, have already been reorganized. Company F, of Indiana, will be organized this week, and company D, of Blairsville, will follow in the service a few days later.—Altoona Tribune.

"I've come to kill a printer," said the little man.

"Any printer in particular?" asked the foreman.

"Oh any one will do, I would prefer a small printer, but I've got to make some sort of a bluff or leave home since the paper called my wife's pink tea a 'swill affair.'"

WHEN a blizzard howls around the house, with the skies a muddy, soapsuds gray, and a fellow's nose is swollen to twice its size from a cold, the fascinations of a tropical climate are powerful arguments for expansion.

IT looks as if Aguinaldo was exploiting himself with a view of being bought off again

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 4th day of Jan, 1899, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of January, being the 23rd day of January, 1899, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 23rd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 4th day of Jan. in the year of our Lord 1899, and the one hundred and twenty-third year of the independence of the United States. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich & Son. The following quotations are taken at noon on Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat, new	65c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	65c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	46c	Buckwheat	50c
Corn, shelled	35c	Cloverseed	
Corn, ears new	30c	Crimson Clover Seed	$3.00
Oats, old	25c		
Oats, new	25c		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	06c	Potatoes	40
Country Shoulders		Onions	50
Country Sides		PER DOZEN	
Country Hams		Eggs	20c
Tallow	06c		
Butter	22c		

ON THE VERGE!

There May Be War Yet in the Philippines.

THE REBELS AWAITING ORDERS

Filipino Newspapers Say That the Inhabitants Will Not Give Up the Country to Any Foreigners.

A REGIMENT WAITING FOR ORDERS

HONG KONG, January 7.—The newspapers here publish the following dispatch from Iloilo, evidently from a Filipino source:

"When the Americans arrived at Iloilo they found absolutely no looting upon the part of the Filipino forces, or conduct of any kind unworthy of civilized people. In conformity with their agreement with the Spaniards the Filipinos entered Iloili in an orderly manner and formally hoisted the Filipino flag. The Americans found a good government established and meeting with the complete approval of the foreign residents. The postoffice, customs and other departments were working smoothly under the entire control of the Filipinos. This disposes of the allegation of the inclination of the Filipinos to loot and kill. The Filipinos occupied Iloilo on the same humane principles which have guided their actions against their Spanish oppressors."

The correspondent adds that the reports of an opposition republic having been established are refuted by the facts that the governor and general commanding at Iloilo have assured the American delegates from the warships that they could settle nothing without orders from the national government at Malolos.

NO STRANGERS ARE WANTED.

MANILA, January 7.—A dispatch to the Independencia from Malolos, the seat of the so-called Filipino government, says the governors of all the provinces of Luzon have assembled at Malolos for the purpose of offering their livas and property in adhesion to the policy of the president and government. Continuing, the dispatch says: "They say they fought only for the independence of the Filipinos and are now unwilling to surrender to strangers."

Commenting upon President McKinley's prolamation to the Filipinos, issued on Wednesday by Major General Otis, the Independencia, which is a native paper, says the problem presented is most grave. It admits that there are only two solutions possible, namely, the American abandonment of their annexation policy, claiming that the people here are not desirous of absorption into their nationality, or a prolonged and bloody war. It then cites the example of the "noble patriots of Iloilo defying General Miller," expresses hope for a pacific termination of the crisis but hints of trouble.

The official organ, the Republica, is less aggressive, but indisposed to accept the suggestions of General Otis in their entirety. The Spanish papers are evidently afraid to comment on the situation.

The California regiment is still on board the transports here awaiting orders.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, Liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardener, Idaville, Ind. He says; "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. can now eat anything and have a new ease on life." Only 50 cents, at F. Potts Green's Drug Store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Death at Tyrone.

Miss Kate S. Gardner died at her home in Tyrone Friday morning at 3:30 o'clock. She was a native of Centre county and was born at Rock Springs on the 6th of April, 1845, and was 53 years and 9 months old at time of death. She was the daughter of John and Mary Gardner, both deceased.

Deceased is survived by four sisters and one brother, viz: Mrs. R. Y. Kincaid, of Atkins, Ill.; Mrs. A. J. Mattern and Mrs. J. M. Goheen, of Tyrone; Mrs. D. M. Clemson, of Pittsburg, and T. M. Gardner, of Rock Springs.

Milton Fair Statement.

We learn from the Milton Record that the statement of the finances of the Milton Driving Park and Fair association shows up very creditably. The receipts from all sources for the year were $5,609.99, which includes the county appropriation and the balance in the treasury of $346.26 from last year.

The total expenditures were $5,254.63, which includes the payment of stockholders' loan and a note in bank of $550. The association's gross indebtedness is $1,519, or less cash in the treasury. $1,163.94.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafied, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 52-16t

Hale and Davis.

The certainty of the return of Hale, of *Maine*, and Davis, of Minnesota, to the Senate might be taken as an indication that *Maine* does not look with favor upon expansion and that Minnesota does. But such an inference can hardly be drawn. Senator Davis, as one of the commissioners who framed the treaty, is an ardent advocate of our responsibility in the Philippines, while Senator Hale has not inclined toward any extension of the National boundry. But Davis has done more in his political history than merely identify himself with the peace treaty and Hale has done more than criticise it. Both are men of long experience in public affairs, and both have won the confidence of their constituents, and of the whole country.

Yet it can be said with truthfulness that Maine is not so enthusiastic in the matter of administering a government in the Philippines as is *Minnesota*. The doctrine of expansion finds the most of its following in the West. The West has grown up on the principle of enlarging the Nation, and except for the narrow corner that runs from the Mississippi to the lakes, Minnesota is a State of the Union because of the expansion of 1803, when the Louisiana purchase was made from France. Minnesota came in under the first move toward expansion, and is reluctant to forget the power that made her. But expansion or no expansion, both Hale and Davis are counselors of value in the National legislature, and, while they may not hold to the same views on this one particular question, it is a new measure, and one which will be treated to a great deal of discussion before it is finally decided in all its details.—Pittsburg Times.

Sheriffs Will Suffer.

The new bankruptcy laws framed by congress and which have recently gone into effect, while they possess many features of undisputed merit, do not redound to the benefit of the county sheriffs. The reason for this is that a large proportion of the business of the sheriff's office resulting through insolvent debtors promises to be transacted under the new bankruptcy laws through the United States district courts. As a natural result the fees of the sheriff will be sacrificed.

All Physicians Here and in Europe

Who have used Speer's Port Grape Wine recommend it in preference to any other for its medical properties, especially for females, debilitated persons and the aged.

CALVIN BRICE's fortune was much less than was generally believed; yet we would feel at liberty to take a vacation of two or three weeks if it belonged to us.

No matter what the cost of the proposed enlarged army may be, it is not so expensive as no army when one is needed.

ANDERSON, like all the rest of the murderers, forgave all those he left behind him, and went up the steps sure in his hope of a blessed hereafter. What a beautiful hope murder inspires in a man!

IN 1896 the Pittsburg Times took the lead for McKinley. As a President is to be elected again next year the Times would be doing well by fixing up a lead for McKinley again.

IF Aguinaldo goes over to Iloilo and sprags the game the Spaniards set up to get the United States and the rebels into each other's hair, he also will be looked upon at Madrid as perfectly horrid.

CAPTAIN SIGSBEE thinks the true story of the sinking of the Maine will yet be told. If it should be the United States will be all the more thoroughly justified in the eyes of the world for going to war with Spain and settling with Spain on our own terms. The treaty made at Paris does not exceed the ends of justice.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERY where for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y Star Insurance Bldg, Chicago. 43-16t

Aguinaldo.

The tidings from the Philippines are more assuring. Aguinaldo is going to Iloilo. That he is going there to resist the Americans is preposterous. Aguinaldo is no fool. He has been at Manila for months, and he has in that time come to a very good understanding of the invincible power of the United States and the pitiful show that the insurgents could make against such a modern warrior. Aguinaldo knows that to array himself against his formidable enemy would be to invite destruction, and that to join with the victor would be to make a path smooth. That Aguinaldo is no fool is proven by his discreet conduct ever since the guns of Dewey's ships opened fire on Spain. To-day he knows the American better, and he knows that his whole hope is on the good will of the new authority in the Philippines. Aguinaldo's visit to Iloilo is not for the purpose of putting his head in the lion's mouth.

The proclamation of the President in the Philippines only accentuates this belief. The United States does not send its army and navy to the Philippines as a conqueror, but as a liberator and a friend. The American is the deliverer of the insurgent, and to the American, Aguinaldo owes the freedom that is surely his henceforth. Aguinaldo understands the relation that the president has proposed to assume toward the islands, and the consideration that he proposes for existing forms and institutions. The President's proclamation is reassuring, not antagonizing, and extends to the insurgent more than he ever asked or ever hoped from Spain. And the insurgent knows that the United States can be trusted. If Aguinaldo went to Iloilo to do anything but preserve the peace he is a fool. But, judging by his past conduct, he is not a fool.—Pittsburg Times.

MUCH discussion has arisen concerning the probable course the national house of representatives will take with reference to the claims of Polygamist Roberts for a seat in that body. The Philadelphia Times remarks:

If Mr. Roberts shall be admitted to congress he would have the high sanction of the nation for the admission of the polygamist into any and every public position in the land, and it would be a consuming shame upon our nationality. No such man could enter a national legislative body in any other of the enlightened nations of the world, and a great republic that stands for the liberty of law should not have this stain upon its escutcheon.

All of which is correct. Roberts should be sent back to Utah. At the same time it is highly probable that some of the men who will vote to reject him are morals lepers compared with whom Roberts is a saint.

A Fine Piece of Color Work.

An experienced art critic gives it as his opinion that there will be no handsomer piece of color work issued this year than Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendar for 1899. It is not only useful, but artistic and beautiful, and up to date. The charming "American Girl" whose beautiful face appears with a delicately painted flag in the background, makes a pleasing feature which anyone will be pleased to have before him the whole of 1899. We suppose druggists will have this Calendar, or a copy may be obtained by sending 6 cents to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

WITH a Dawson saloonkeeper strung up to a tree the untamed Northwest can be said to have adopted some of the customs of civilization, and become worthy of recognition. Wherever lynch law prevails the Republic may lay some claim to prospects.

A NEW Spanish cabinet composed of conservatives, rather indicates that the licking of '98 has had some wholesome effects. When all of Spain becomes conservative there will be hope for the frayed out nation.

Thin Blood

Is bound to follow the ravages of disease the outcome of stomach disorders—thin blood shakes hands with the undertaker—ward off that possibility—Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets makes and keeps the stomach healthy—they're Natures antidote—pleasant and positive. 35 cts—95 Sold by J N & S Krumrine.

Denunciation Not Argument.

Ex-President Cleveland's latest utterance on the question of expansion and the annexation of the Philippines is of such a flippant character as to deprive it of all semblance of argument, and reflects no credit upon its author. He says the refusal of some of the natives to take kindly to American rule ought not to disturb the expansionists. The remedy of the latter was simple. All that they had to do was to kill a few thousand or a few hundred thousand of the Filipinos. This killing business, he intimates, must necessarily be a part of the expansion program and to be regarded as but one stage in a transcendentally great movement, a mere incident in progress. Mr. Cleveland further went on to sneeringly state that some unprepared souls might be lost by being killed before we had the opportunity of Christianizing them, but that surely those of our clergymen who had done so much to encourage expansion could manage that difficulty.

It is really painful for any patriotic American to hear such talk attributed to a man who had twice been chosen the Nation's chief executive, for it bears neither the mark of patriotism, statesmanship nor common sense. It is very much on a par with the wild screed uttered by one Swansom, a member of Congress from Virginia, in the House of Representatives yesterday against expansion. The American people are prepared to hear argument upon the question, but they will not pay any attention to flippant sarcasms and wild denunciations whether such come from ex-Presidents, members of Congress or native or foreign-born citizens who join with them in foolishly pessimistic utterances as to the future of the Republic.—Pittsburg Times.

—James R. Anderson removed from Northwood to Port Matilda last spring and engaged in the huckstering business. About two weeks ago he broke camp at Port and removed his family and about half his household goods to Masseyburg, in the upper end of Huntingdon county, using his huckster wagon to make the trip. In a week he returned for the balance of his goods, but on his arrival at Port Matilda the ashes of the house he had lived in met his gaze. An investigation proved that the household goods that he had left behind had been burned with the building. The people told him they thought the fire was the work of an incendiary, maybe to keep the woman who had occupied the house before the family of Anderson did from returning, or perhaps it had been set on fire for another purpose. Anyhow, it was a serious loss to Anderson, as it left himself and family without enough bedclothing to keep them warm at night. The house was insured but the goods were not. Anderson continues to make periodical trips to Tyrone from Masseyburg with his huckster wagon—Tyrone Herald.

M. DIEBLER, for forty years the public executioner of France, has retired. Few men have had such a record. During his period of service he drew $1,200 a year salary and had an additional allowance of $2,000 a year for storing and keeping the guillotine in order. M. Diebler cut off the heads of fifty-three criminals, which was considerably more than one a year. Some of the most noted criminals of the century were beheaded by his skilled hand.

THERE is an end of party government when men refuse to be bound by the decision of the majority. When that occurs in a republic a revolution has taken place and rebellion holds the helm.

THE cold snap weakened as suddenly as it came. These extreme changes are conducive to colds, grip and pneumonia, and those who value health should constantly exercise discretion.

THIS is the season for special work among the churches. Usually after the winter holidays, if not before some special series of meetings are taken up by a number of the denominations.

THICK SOLED shoes and good overshoes worn this sort of weather tend to diminish the danger of an attack of la grippe. Persons who desire to escape this scourge cannot be too careful.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Look for It. Here it is.
Now you know by this sign

St. Jacobs Oil
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Soreness, Stiffness.

The National Guard.

HARRISBURG, January 7.—The following order was issued yesterday from the headquarters of the National Guard of Pennsylvania:

Transportation will be furnished the Nineteenth, Twentieth, Seventeenth, Twenty-first, Seventh and Eleventh regiments infantry, on Tuesday, January 17, 1899, at the inauguration of Governor-elect William A. Stone.

Major General George R. Snowden, commanding division, will assume command of all organizations of the National Guard of Pennsylvania participating in the inaugural ceremonies. Troops will furnish their own subsistence. No allowance for horse hire or individual pay will be made.

Special form of transportation order applicable to this occasion only will be issued by the adjutant general. The maximum number per company to be transported will be fifty-five officers and enlisted men. Regimental music for this occasion must not exceed forty men.

The special transportation orders issued for the occasion will not be used for transportation of individual officers and men, but organized bodies of troops, not less than division, brigade or regimental headquarters, regimental music or companies of infantry. No transportation will be furnished for horses or excessive baggage.

Commanding officers will not furnish transportation to or permit any but bonafide members of the organization to parade.

Brigade commanders will direct the movement of the troops of their respective brigades.

Never Worry.

Take them and go about your business—they do their work whilst you are doing yours. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are system renovators, blood purifiers and builders; every gland and tissue in the whole anatomy is benefitted and stimulated in the use of them. 40 doses in a vial, 10 cents.—94

Sold by J. N. & J. S. Krumrine.

PERHAPS we might get along better with the Filipinos if we would try a little free lunch on the rank and file.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves, and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist.

Will Advance the Prices.

After months of negotiation the anthracite coal roads have again decided to renew the coal trust and advance prices. This advance will take effect immediately and will amount to twenty-five cents per ton on the old rates. This is practically a return to the schedule adopted last July, which has since been broken through, the price cutting in which all the roads participated.

Who is to Blame.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys.

If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage and it is afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

If the adult has rheumatism; pain or dull ache in the back; if the water passes in irregular quantities; or at irregular intervals or has a bad odor; if it stains the linen or vessel the color of rust; if the feet swell; if there are puffy or dark circles under the eyes; your kidneys are the cause and need doctoring. Treatment of some diseases may be delayed without danger, not so with kidney disease.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy promptly cures the most distressing cases. Its mild and extraordinary effect is soon realized. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet telling all about it sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention that you read this generous offer in the REPUBLICAN.

Problems.

Dey took en treed de 'possum
Des 'bout de break er day;
De tree fall on de hunter,
En de possum got away!

De rabbit went ter meetin'—
Dey b'iled him, en dey fried;
De blacksnake bit de preacher.
En den de blacksnake died!

Dey sent de missionary
Ter whar de heathen stay;
Dey chopped him into mincemeat
En eat him up dat day

It's trouble, trouble, trouble—
I dunno what ter say;
Fer when you runs de rabbit
He goes de yuther way!

—Atlantic Constitution.

A Western Paper's Puff Rates.

A paper out west, having grown tired of boosting candidates which it knew ought to be behind the bars, and of putting wings on deceased persons when there was more call for asbestos garments, has prepared and issued a schedule of rates governing the ordinary line of notices as follows:

"For calling a man a progressive citizen when everybody knows he is lazier than a government mule, $2.75; referring to a deceased citizen as one who is sincerely mourned by the entire community, when we know he will only be missed in poker circles, $1.08, referring to some gallivanting female as 'an estimable lady whom it is a pleasure to meet' when every business man in town would rather see the devil coming, hoof, horns and all as to see her coming towards them, $3.19; speaking of a candidate as a pleasant amiable gentleman, who is spoken well of by a large circle of friends who have pushed his claim to office rather against his will, when we all know he has always wanted some office from roadmaster up, since he was 21 years of age, $1.07 per speaking; calling an ordinary pulpit pounder 'an eminent divine,' 60 cents."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Altoona and Philipsburg Connecting RAILROAD.

Condensed Time Table. In effect November 27th, 1898.

EASTWARD—Week Days.

Ramey	7 00	7 40	9 00	1 00	4 10	6 20
Houtzdale	7 11	7 58	9 14	1 14	4 24	5 24
Osceola Mills	7 33	8 18	9 33	1 33	4 43	6 43
Philipsburg	7 47	8 55	9 47	1 47	4 57	6 57

WESTWARD—Week Days.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Philipsburg	8 00	11 09	3 00	5 10	6 19	8 10
Osceola Mills	8 15	11 15	3 15	5 25	6 26	8 25
Houtzdale	8 34	11 34	3 34	5 44	6 58	8 44
Ramey	8 47	1 47	3 47	5 57	7 10	8 57

Read Down. SUNDAY TRAINS. Read Up.

P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 10	12 43	8 38	Ramey	10 27	2 47	8 57
6 34	12 57	8 52	Houtzdale	10 4	2 34	8 44
6 43	1 16	9 25	Osceola Mills	9 55	2 15	8 25
6 57	1 30	9 25	Philipsburg	9 40	2 00	8 10

CONNECTIONS—At Philipsburg (Union Station) with all Beech Creek Railroad trains for and from Bellefonte, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Reading, Philadelphia and New York; Lawrenceville, Corning, Watkins, Geneva and Lyons; Clearfield Mahaffey and Patton; Curwensville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, Ridgway, Bradford, Buffalo and Rochester.

At Osceola for Houtzdale and Ramey with P. R. R. train leaving Tyrone at 7 20 p. m.

For full information apply to

G. M. H. GOOD,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 18th '98, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station:

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
Exp.	College Accm.			Mail.	Exp.	Bellf
1*	†5	*3		*2	†4	6*
a.m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a.m	p m. p. m
6 30	4 00	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 45	6 40
6 35	4 06	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f638	f4 10	f10 42	Morris	f8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f643	f4 13	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 33	f2 17	f6 23
f646	f4 18	f10 51	Hunters	f8 30	f2 10	f6 21
f653	f4 21	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f655	f4 25	f11 02	Briarly	f8 20	f2 00	f6 14
7 06	4 28	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f703	f4 30	f11 08	Lamboorn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f712	f4 40	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
f722	f4 44	f11 32	Universityline	f8 02	f1 32	f5 46
7 25	4 45	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f727	f4 50	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f731	f4 55		Bloomsdorf	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 00		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. †Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			Nov. 21, 1898.		READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3			No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
*7 10	*7 50	*2 40	Bellefonte		10 17	9 40	5 10
7 22	8 02	2 52	Nigh		10 04	9 27	4 57
7 28	8 08	2 58	Zion		9 59	9 21	4 51
7 33	8 13	3 03	Hecla Park		9 54	9 16	4 46
7 35	8 15	3 05	Dunkles		9 52	9 14	4 44
7 39	8 19	3 09	Hublersburg		9 49	9 11	4 40
7 43	8 23	3 13	Snydertown		9 46	9 06	4 36
7 46	8 26	3 16	Nittany		9 44	9 03	4 33
7 48	8 29	3 18	Huston		9 42	9 00	4 30
7 51	8 32	3 21	Lamar		9 40	8 57	4 27
7 53	8 35	3 23	Clintondale		9 38	8 54	4 24
7 57	8 39	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		9 34	8 49	4 19
8 02	8 44	3 32	Mackeyville		9 30	8 43	4 13
8 08	8 50	3 38	Cedar Springs		9 24	8 37	4 07
8 10	8 52	3 40	Salona		9 22	8 35	4 05
8 15	8 57	3 45	Mill Hall		*9 17	*8 30	*4 00
			(BEECH CREEK R. R.)				
11 45	9 50		Jersey Shore			7 55	3 25
12 20	10 25		Arr	WM'PORT	Lve	7 21	*2 56
12 34	11 30		Lve	WM'PORT	Arr	*8 85	2 30
			(PHILA AND READING RY)				
8 29	7 09		PHILA			11 36	*8 36
10 40	*9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila)			9 00	*4 30
p.m.			Ar.		Lv.	p.m.	a.m.

*Daily. † Week Days, ‡ 6 00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

COMMERCIAL supremacy on land and sea! No wonder Uncle Sam is happy. Contrast the conditions to-day with those that prevailed when Grover Cleveland and a Democratic Congress were in power, and try to imagine what would have been the result if Bryan and a Popocrat Congress had won in 1896. The people of this country, if they are wise, will never again take any chances in the choice of a policy.

—See a lot of men and women in another column carrying on their heads great loads of grapes at Boa Vista vineyards Portugal, for making into wine. It is interesting. Read all about it. Speer, N. J.. wines are made from the same grape the oldest and finest produced in the world.

—Our friend W. I. Fleming, of this city, has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master by the Grand Lodge of Masons of this state for the counties of Centre. Clearfield and Lodge No. 534 of Jefferson county.

Sure Cure for Colds

When the children get their feet wet and take cold give them a hot foot bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and frequently cured by the continued use of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Every doctor knows that wild cherry bark is the best remedy known to medical science for soothing and healing inflamed throats and lungs.

Put one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

The Best Medical Advice Free!

We now have some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently fit them for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case.

Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Resolutions of Respect.

At the regular meeting of the M. E. Sunday school held on Sunday, January 1, 1899, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Almighty Ruler of the Universe through his mysterious and omniscient ways, through the agency of death, to call from our midst as well as from all earthly ties and attachments, one of our friends and co-laborers, Robert A. Bumiller, and

WHEREAS, Our inclinations and honored custom urge us to the attestations of our regard for our deceased friend and co-laborer, therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Brother R. A. Bumiller the church has lost the services of a respected and capable member, especially so as leader of the choir and the music in the departments of church work.

Resolved, That the Sunday School has lost the services of an able and efficient member, who in the capacity of secretary had few equals and no superiors, and as a teacher ranked high, because of his ever ready fund of information.

Resolved, That the Epworth League at this time desire to bear witness to his many good qualities, his courtesy with his associates and his sterling worth, whose kindly disposition, unobtrusiveness of manner and unswerving fidelity rendered him especially dear.

Resolved, That we, the members of the M. E. church, the Sunday school and Epworth League extend our warmest sympathies to the surviving widow, daughters and friends in their loss, bereavement and sorrow, conscious, nevertheless, that no words of condolence can heal death's incurable wound.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Sunday school and the same be published in the county papers.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions properly engrossed and signed by the different committees be presented to the family of the deceased.

Rev. T. S. Faus, A. Walter, L. B. Loose, Mrs. C. H. Morris. Mrs. L. A. Musser, Mrs. S. M. Campbell, Committee.

The Hastings' Mansion.

Mrs. Hastings, wife of Governor *D.* H. Hastings, spent several days in Bellefonte recently, overseeing the work of remodeling their residence in that place. It was the desire of Governor and Mrs. Hastings that their house should be completed and ready for occupancy by the time of the inauguration of Governor-elect Stone, but, owing to the fact that work was not begun until late in October, the mansion will not be half completed, and the Hastings will take up a temporary abode at the Bush house on their retirement from Harrisburg.

The Hastings' mansion, when completed, will be the largest and most imposing in Bellefonte. The grounds will have a frontage of more than 120 feet by 65 feet in depth. A 15 foot porch extends along the entire front of the mansion and part of the two sides, an extreme length of about 75 feet, giving nearly 2,600 square feet of promenade. The estimated cost of the work is $40,000.

IT's an ill wind that blows nobody any good. The doctors have no fault to find with the grip.

—Edward Parker, the negro who has guarded Washington's tomb for a half century is dead.

Dewey, Bryan or Who?

It is a little early to bring out the prospective candidates for 1900, and that is why Henry Watterson's boom for Admiral Dewey and Gen. Lee cannot yet be considered seriously. At the present moment the Democracy has nothing on which to make the campaign of 1900, except the memory of Col. Bryan and free silver. Certainly, Dewey and Fitzhugh Lee have both overshadowed *Mr.* Bryan in the mere point of prominence, but personality is not an issue, and it is doubtful if it can be made an issue for a longer time than while the shouting and the enthusiasm prevail. By 1900 it is possible that both Dewey and Lee will have lost some of the intense popularity that they won within the past year, for it must not be forgotten that Bryan was a year ago a very much lauded hero. What has happened to him may happen to them. Then a year has developed many new events and shifted politics amazingly. Because 1898 has been packed with importance, it cannot be presumed that all that is of consequence is past. One year ago Bryan and silver were of great value to conjure with. Now they are ostensibly eclipsed. What has eclipsed them is liable to suffer in its turn by the new things that are to come from the hand of time.

We are entering upon a new experience abroad, not only with the colonies, but our commercial and financial relations with the rest of the world are undergoing surprising changes. It may be that domestic politics will have been forgotten by 1900 to give opportunity to bring our foreign affairs to the front, and that new events in that time will raise up new leaders, just as new events have done in the past year. At the rate which we are making history, the candidate and the platform of Democracy of 1900 need not be guessed out yet. The date is too remote.—Times.

LOOK into the cradle and you behold a crying male babe. At the age of ten he is a noisy kid with half the buttons off his pants and an eye for meanness; at fifteen he is a devil in a print shop; at twenty publisher of a country newspaper, supporting every interest calculated to improve the town or enrich its people; at thirty-five he is an emaciated, worn out man, with a bald head and holes in his pockets; at fifty he is a corpse in a cheap coffin, his only resources two cases of brevier, a hand press and subscription book with the names of 678 delinquent subscribers, who march past the coffin and say: "He was a public spirited fellow but he couldn't never save anything!"

Salt Rheum, Tetter, Eczema.

These distressing skin diseases relieved by one application. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a potent cure for all eruptions of the skin. Jas. Gaston, Wilkesbarre, says: "For nine years I was disfigured with tetter on my hands; Dr. Agnew's Ointment cured it." 35 cents.—93

Sold by J N & S Krumrine

IT is now stated that the French husband for whom Anna Gould paid something like fifteen million dollars has no right to the title of Count Castellane, which he uses. This startling information comes from a Frenchman, who declares that the Castellane title was simply assumed by the family into which Miss Gould married. If Count Castellane were a gentleman the condition of affairs would not be so bad, but for an American girl to marry an impecunious and bogus nobleman at one and the same time is something that should serve as a warning to other rich but heedless American girls. It were better that the American heiress should wed an honest plowboy who loves her than to throw herself away upon a spendthrift foreigner whose claim is a title is not beyond dispute.

A recently arrived Frenchman who visited a Boston establishment last week to fit himself out for a long journey to the West was complaining bitterly of the cold. "Don't you have cold weather in France?" asked the salesman who waited on him. "Why, certainly, we have ze cold weather in France," was the reply, "but we do not have ze all four seasons in one day in France."

—We are glad to mention that our fellow townsman Mr. W. L. Dagget, is able to be around again.

THOSE FILIPINOS.

Manner In Which They Are Willing to Treat.

OBJECT TO VARIOUS THINGS

Would Look Upon the United States Simply as an Ally—Those Spanish Prisoners.

AQUINALDO AMONG THE HILLS

PARIS, Jan. 6.—An official telegram received by the Filipino junta, here, dated Manila, Jan. 4, says that Aguinaldo has gone to Iloilo at the request of the insurgents there, to place himself at their head, with the view of their possible fighting with the Americans. The dispatch also gives a list of the members of the new Filipino cabinet, with facts as to their antecedents. The following have definitely accepted office:

President of the cabinet and minister of foreign affairs, Mabini.

Minister of the interior, Teodore Sandico, a civil engineer, educated in England and Belgium and taken from Hong Kong to Manila by Rear Admiral Dewey.

Minister of war, General Baldomero Aguinaldo, a cousin of Aguinaldo, the president of the so-called Filipino government, and a leader of the insurrection from the beginning. He is described as a large landowner of Cavite.

Minister of finance, General Trias, a close ally of Aguinaldo.

Minister of public works, Gregorico Gonzaga, a lawyer, until recently the Filipino agent at Hong Kong and formerly Spanish attorney general in the Visayas.

The cabinet is described as homogeneous, every member being pledged, according to these advices, to resist the American military occupation of the Philippines.

The members of the junta assert that the new cabinet will bring forward the "most energetic policy."

Mabini, it appears, claims recognition of the independence of the Philippine islands and will not consent to the release of the Spanish prisoners, but, it is added, he is willing to come to an understanding with the Americans "as allies" for the surrender of the Spanish military and civil officials and others, which will only be made on the following conditions:

CONDITIONS SPECIFIED

First—The negotiations to be opened formerly between Spain and the national Filipino government, Spain nominating a delegate to treat therewith.

Second—An exchange of prisoners and Spain to patriate, firstly, all the Filipinos held prisoners for having been directly or indirectly connected with the insurrection; secondly, all prisoners of war condemned as traitors revolters or deserters, or for having in any manner seconded the Filipino movement during the present century, this surrender to be made before the Filipinos release the Spanish prisoners, and Spain to grant amnesty to all Filipinos and Spaniards accused of complicity in the insurrection.

Third—Spain to defray all the expenses of repatriating the Filipino prisoners, and also the cost of maintaining and repatriating the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos, such payment being considered a war indemnity; the national Filipino government consents to pay the expense of repatriating those Filipinos captured in former action, although, it is added, "as a matter of fact the Filipinos are also to demand the payment thereof by Spain." As taking prisoners, it is further asserted, it will not be included in the exchange, "seeing that they acted as papal agents during the war, but their surrender would be made on the condition, firstly, that the apostolic delegate will ask their liberty in the name of the pope; secondly, that all bulls and pontifical decrees granting special privileges to the religious orders be revoked; thirdly, that all rites of the secular clergy be respected; fourthly, that no friar hold any parish, cathedral, episcopal or diocesan preferment; fifthly, that all such preferments be held by native or naturalized Filipino clergy, and sixthly, that rules for the elections of bishops be fixed.

Baker Heirs Are "Digging Up."

The Baker heirs have purchased the old Nipple homestead, in Perry county, and are digging about their property for valuable documents said to have been buried there a century ago. The documents are said to contain evidence proving the title of the Baker heirs to a large portion of the land on which Philadelphia is built, and valuable tracts in Berks, Chester and Lancaster counties.

THE day has gone when national government was moulded by oratory A few plain lines from Brother Dewey on the Philippine question outweigh all the impassioned periods that Mr. Bryan can pour out.

Hail Death With Joy.

"I was a great sufferer from heart disease. The disease was so great I was confined to bed for days I often thought I could hail death with joy. No physician could give relief. I procured a bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart; the first dose gave me almost instant relief. I have taken four bottles. I never felt better in my life."—Mrs. Margaret Smith, Brussels, Ont.—91.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

IF.

If all who hate would love us,
And all our loves were true,
The stars that swing above us
Would brighten in the blue;
If cruel words were kisses,
And every scowl a smile,
A better world than this is
Would hardly be worth while;
If purses would untighten
To meet a brother's need,
The load we bear would lighten
Above the grave of greed.

If those who whine would whistle,
And those who languish laugh,
The rose would rout the thistle,
The grain outrun the chaff;
If hearts were only jolly,
If grieving were forgot,
And tears and melancholy
Were things that now are not—
Then love would kneel to duty,
And all the world would see
A bridal power of beauty,
A dream within a dream.

If men would cease to worry,
And women cease to sigh
And all be glad to bury
Whatever has to die—
If neighbor spake to neighbor,
As love demands of all,
The rust would eat the saber,
The spear stay on the wall;
Then every day would glisten,
And every eye would shine,
And God would pause to listen,
And life would be divine.

Let It be Brief.

It is reported that Senator Hoar's speech against the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain may occupy three days. It is to be hoped, however, both for the venerable Senator's own sake and that of the public, that this statement is wide of the truth. Senator Hoar is known to be opposed to the treaty, and he has already, it is safe to say, through the medium of various public addresses and newspaper interviews, favored the country with pretty much all of his ideas upon the subject. They have utterly failed to make any impression of importance upon the people generally or their representatives in the state. That body will certainly ratify the treaty by a large majority. Senator Hoar has a right to state his objections to the treaty upon the floor of the Senate, but if he wants his words to be listened to by his colleagues or read the Nation he will not string out his remarks over three days. In three hours he ought to be able to say everything that has any value.

The day for long speeches has gone by. The people have neither the time nor the inclination to listen to such, and not only Senator Hoar but all his colleagues would do well to bear this in mind, not only in discussing the peace treaty, but all other public questions.

Pleurisy

Pleurisy and pneumonia are acute inflammations of the lungs, and if not promptly allayed, the worst may happen. The celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup speedily allays all inflammation of the lungs and effects a cure in a wonderfully short time.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Pleurisy and Pneumonia.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Important Railroad Rumor.

Thursday's Lock Haven Express is authority for the following:

A railroad rumor in circulation today, is interesting and important, if true. It is that the West Branch Valley railroad may not be built. The story, as given to the EXPRESS, came from a man who stated he had, while in conversation with one of the engineers who had located the line of the West Branch Valley railroad, been informed that the Sugar Valley route, as surveyed several years ago, is 38 miles shorter than the river route, and that the new railroad may be built along the Sugar Valley line. The Central railroad Penn. tracts will be used from Bellefonte to Lamar,

The difference in the distance is said to be a strong point in favor of the Sugar Valley route,

The officials of the road have both routes under consideration now and a decision will be made soon. It is stated, however, that a new railroad will be built in the spring. If the Sugar Valley route is chosen no railroad will be built on the river line as surveyed recently.

QUAY is never beaten until the other fellow is elected, and very few people care to bet on the other fellow in the senatorial fight.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E Hess Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 899-16t.

MAY BE ARRESTED.

A Man Who Is Alleged to Have Done Wrong.

DEALT IN CORN COB PIPES

Various Burgesses Have Troubles and Show by Proofs That They Have Been Mulcted in Money.

BELLEFONTE'S MAYOR A LOSER

PHILADELPHIA, January 6.—Application will be made to Judge Butler, in the United States district court, by Assistant United States District Attorney Kane, today for an order to have Henry Ringbeck arrested in this state, who was held in $1,500 bail by United States Commissioner Craig on Wednesday charged with using the mails in a scheme to defraud. The prisoner is accused of having fraudulently secured various sums of money ranging from $800 to $1,000, amounting in all to about $100,000.

Postal Inspector Holden testified that for some time numerous complaints had been received at the hotel inspector's office in this city, from people in different parts of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, South Carolina and Louisiana, and asserted that they had been swindled out of large sums of money by reason of the defendant's failure to make good his promises. Continuing, Inspector Holden said that the defendant would write letters, principally to mayors of small towns. The letters suggested to them the founding of cob pipe factories in their respective localities, and asserted that about $1,000 would be required to purchase machinery and put the plant in working order. Many advanced money after an interview with Ringback or one of his representatives. In some instances the defendant secured machinery at a small price, the inspector said, but it proved to be worthless.

Charles N. Bruninger, burgess of Strasburg, Lancaster county, Pa., testified that Ringbeck had succeeded in getting $2,000 from him in the manner explained by Inspector Holden. The witness also said that the defendant had gone as far as to send one of his representatives to him and suggest that he buy a car load of a particular quality of cobs for the work. Continuing he said he paid $500 for a car load of cobs. He discovered later that the members of the supposed firm to which he paid the $500 were also in the scheme.

Frank E. Naginey, mayor of Bellefonte, Pa., testified that Ringbeck had secured about $800 from him.

Commissioner Craig held the prisoner in $1,500 bail. Being unable to secure a bondsman, he was taken to the county prison.

CUBA'S NEW CONDITION.

Spain quit the island of Cuba officially at noon on the first day of the year forever, and American authority now rules. While Spain could not exercise power enough with a vast army to make her authority respected throughout the Cuban land there is no doubt at all that good civil government will be maintained there now, in every quarter, without conflict. All testimony from the island to reach the public here tends to show that the Cubans are not refractory, but pliable and filled with the highest respect for authority emanating from the people they believe to have the good of their island home in view. One report showing this is that coming from Chief McCulloch who was sent by the administration at Washington, from New York, to take charge of the police department of Havana. The capital city of the island was reputed to be a wild town of 200,000 inhabitants, yet the chief says it promises to be be one of the most easily governed by civil authority of any that he knows of in the world. The change in Cuba will be a good one for humanity, and that was all we were after. A great movement was begun and ended by the American people within one year.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

—Mrs. M. S. Fiedler, of Millheim, fell on the ice a short time ago and fractured her left arm. She had come to the road to bid friends good bye and while talking stepped on a boy's sled to keep her feet from the damp, when the boy pulled the sled away, throwing her violently to the ground. She was taken home and Dr. Frank set the broken member.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Pride costs more than hunger, thirst and cold.

—Pat. Rankin, of Coburn, has moved to Poe Mills.

—A sucker is born every minute; give the babies a chance.

—Children cry for the moon;when they grow up they want the earth.

—Prothonotary Smith during 1898 recorded 847 judgements, satisfied 582, and assigned 65.

—Over three miles of electric wire have already been placed in the Hastings mansion on Allegheny street.

—So much depends upon the purity of the blood that by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla many different diseases are cured.

—Auditors G. G. Fink, Frank Hess and J. D. Wagner are auditing the accounts of the county officials, with H. B. Pontius as clerk.

—At Linden Hall Thursday afternoon Daniel Weiland dropped dead while talking to his son. He was a prominent granger and was 70 years old.

—The 69th Regiment New York Volunteers now at Huntsville, Ga.,is to be mustered out. This is the regiment that John Pearl, of this place, belongs to.

—On January 10th Co. I, 17th U. S. Inf., left the barracks in Columbus, O., for Manila, going via the Suez canal. John and Perry Similer are members of the company.

—N. L. Francis, whose engagement to Miss Jane Fuller, daughter of the chief justice, has just been announced, fell heir, shortly before leaving college, to nearly $1 000,000.

—Hecla Park is a busy place at present. A large force of men are at work cutting ice. Ten car loads are shipped every day. The ice is shipped to this place and Jersey Shore.

—The chandelier in the vestibule of Gov. Hastings' mansion on Allegheny St., will cost seventeen hundred dollars, the other chandeliers through the house will range from five hundred to one thousand dollars.

—Word was received here Thursday, announcing the death at 10 o'clock that morning, at her home in Canton, Ohio, of Mrs. Lydia Tonner relict of Rev. John Tonner. Mrs. Tonner was the mother of Mrs. Henry Harris of this place and was aged 86 years.

—Judge Yerkes created a sensation during a trial at Scranton by offering a man freedom if he would then and there sign a pledge. On this being done the judge gave notice that the license of any saloon keeper selling the man liquor would be revoked.

—Lloyd Rearick, son of L. C. Rearick, of Benner township, is lying in a critical condition at his home in Punxsutawney. He is employed in the iron works at that place and was stricken with grip last week, pneumonia developing later. The pneumonia is of a mild form.

—Register Geo. W. Rumberger was in Philipsburg last Thursday evening arranging the requisites in connection with the administration papers on the estate of the late O. Perry Jones, deceased, which have been granted to W. P. Duncan, Robert Scott and Mrs. O. Perry Jones.

—In 1888 there were born in Centre county 294 boys and 264 girls, leaving a surplus of 30 boys, which is encouraging for the girls. The deaths in Centre County during 1898 include that of one over 100 years old, two person over 90, 22 over 80, 47 over 70, 61 between 40 and 70. The oldest person who died in the county in 1898 was Mrs. Nancy Barger, aged 106 years.

—Budd Gray, a recent graduate of the Pennsylvania State college, sailed for Paris, France, on the "Etruria," last Saturday, on a mission as representative of the electric motor carriage department of the Cleveland Machine Screw company, with whom he is engaged as electrical and machanical engineer. Mr. Gray is a son of Mrs. Annie E. Gray, of Tyrone.

—Herbert Swartz, Miss Navie Miller and Lilly Mechtly, all of Madisonburg, went to Rebersburg, to attend a Christmas entertainment. On their way home their horse became frightened, run away throwing Swartz and the ladies out. The gentleman was dragged about four rods but sustained no injury. The young ladies however, did not escape so luckily, as they received bad cuts about the head that required some stitches to fix up.

—Following are the officers of the Undine Fire company elected on Monday Jan. 2.: President, P. H. Garrity; vice president, William T. Royer; recording secretary, W. S. Rinesmith; financial secretary, E. J. Gehret; chief, F. C. Waltz, first assistant, Harry Walkey; second assistant, J. H. Houser;third assistant, William Cunningham; chief engineer, Joseph Wise; first assistant, P. H. Garrity second assistant, Joseph Cushing; third assistant, J. Knisely; band leader, Christ Smith.

—When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation, invigorates the whole system.

—On next Monday evening the noted evangelist, Rev. Charles Inglais, will begin a series of meetings in the Court house at this place.

—We are sorry to announce the serious illness of Mr. and Mrs Vincent Bauer's little child. Mrs. Bauer is also confined to her bed with the la-grippe.

—David Robb, the veteran hunter of Liberty township, succeeded in trapping 4 bears, 2 wild cats, 6 raccoons,a large number of rabbits, pheasants and other small game this fall.

—On Dec. 28th, Mr. Horace Musser, son of W. H. Musser, of this place, was married to Miss Ida Schlatweiler, of East St. Louis, Ill. Ceremony performed by Rev. Koenig.

—Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, the household remedy.

—A sledding party drove down to Harrison Kline's Tuesday and spent a most enjoyable evening. It was made up of the members of the Senior class of the Bellefonte High school.

—Tuesday evening at congregational meeting, Dr. R. G. H. Hayes, Charles Gilmore and James R. Hughes were elected trustees of the Presbyterian church for the ensuing year.

—Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles—horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—There will be a public installation of officers and camp fire at Gregg Post rooms, Saturday evening, Jan. 14th to which the public is cordially invited. By order of S. B. Miller, commander of Gregg Post.

—The ladies of St. Johns Episcopal church of this place, will give what is called a Birthday party on Tuesday evening Jan. 17th at the residence of Mrs. Wilkinson on Allegheny street. There will be music and recitations and refreshments served during the evening. Everybody invited. A silver offering will be taken up.

—On Monday night a jolly party of young people took a sled ride to Unionville and were entertained at the home of Jas. Davidson, of that place There were thirteen couples in all and they drove up in Baum's sled.

—It is stated that the life of O. Perry Jones, cashier of the First national bank, of Philipsburg who committed suicide last Friday a week, was insured for $106,000, nearly all payable to his wife. There have been no further developments regarding the cause of the suicide.

—The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

—A Phoenixville young man advertised for a wife under an assumed name, and his sister answered the advertisement, also under an assumed name. Then photographs were exchanged, and now the young man thinks there is no balm in advertisements, and the old people think it pretty hard to have two fools in one family.

—Farmers in some parts of the state have been victimized in a new way, says an exchange. Agents came around, secured permission to tack up pill signs, then got the farmer to sign an agreement not to tear the signs down for ninety days. These agreements subsequently turned up ninety day notes for $300 each.

—George Holt Gehret, an adopted son of Solomon Gehret, of this place, while coasting down stony alley near Reynolds' mill Wednesday, broke his leg between the knee and ankle. He was on a sled with several companions when the guiding stick broke, and not being able to control the sled. they ran into the fence in front of the residence of Nelson Robb, with the above serious result.

—The State Horticultural Association of Pennsylvania will hold its Fortieth Annual meeting in the Supreme court room, at Harrisburg,Pa., Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 18 and 19. A cordial invitation to meet with them and assist in their deliberations is extended to all who are interested in the object of their society. Specimens of fruit and flowers are solicited for exhibition.

—The airbrakes on the engine hauling the second section of Philadelphia express, comprised of postal, baggage and express cars, refused to operate Monday night well up the mountain from Altoona, the engineer losing control of the train, which dashed past the Altoona passenger station at a speed-rate of about thirty-five miles an hour. The train was stopped well down the yard and returned to the depot.

—The recent protest of J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, against the cutting of Christmas trees is warmly commended in the west. In his protest he said: "The trees selected for slaughter on this anniversary are always the straightest and most symmetrical. Last year more than twenty millions of Christmas trees were cut down and put on the market. The absurdity of celebrating the birth of the Savior of the world by a wanton waste and and extravagance which jeopardizes the walfare of millions of human being yet unborn is obvious to every thinking man."

Co. M Fully Equipped.

Co. M, 21st Regiment, N. G. P., is now fully equipped and ready for duty. Their overcoats and caps were issued last Friday night and the boys certainly made a fine appearance. Their first tour of duty will be on the 17th of January, when they go to Harrisburg to assist in inaugurating William A. Stone as governor of Pennsylvania.

Captain Amos Mullen on last Friday evening appointed his non-commissioned officers with the exception of the 1st sergeant. The officers of the company are captain, Amos Mullen; 1st lieut., James Harris; 2nd lieut., John Bower; 2nd sergeant, Frank Derstine, 3rd, W. T. Noll; 4th, A. Smith; 5 h, John Houser; 1st corporal, James E. Scott; 2nd, Will Dorworth; 3rd, Peter Cain; 4th, John Gross; 5th, Robert Gunsoles; 6th, Joseph Fauble; 7th, Samuel Roberts; 8th, Wm. Runkle.

Hot Lemonade for the Grip.

Charles F. Heizel, of Brooklyn, writing to the Pittsburg Times, says: It may interest your readers to know that during the great influenza epidemic in London in 1889 the board of health of that city advised the public affected to make an abundant use of hot lemonade. The prespiration caused thereby is in most cases sufficient to relieve the patient from severe colds and consequent complications, doing away with quinine or other drugs, which often leave unpleasant results.

In bronchial troubles the acid of lemons relieves the irritation of the throat, acting at the same time as a natural disinfectant.

Fresh lemon juice will kill cholera bacillus in water, hence it is not surprising that it will also destroy the so called influenza bacillus.

A Quiet Wedding.

On Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock Mr. Gray Hastings and Miss Minnie Benner, both of Benner township were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage on East Linn street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. A. Stephens, pastor of the Methodist church.

Mr. Hastings is a son of Mr. Geo. Hastings a prominent and well-to-do farmer of Buffalo Run Valley, He is a bright and industrious young man, and is employed as an engineer of the Separator on Col. Fred Reynolds' farm at Fairview.

Miss Benner is a daughter of Mr. Philip Benner, a highly esteemed farmer of Benner township, and will no doubt make him a happy helpmate through life. This paper desires to extends its best wishes and congratulations to the happy young couple.

A Fatal Fall.

Mr. Daniel Wolf, who resided near Loganton, and who was one of of the oldest citizens of Sugar Valley is dead, his death having resulted from a fall. Mr. Wolf was aged about 80 years. In going from his house to the rear of the lot while doing some chores, he fell on the icy walk, striking the back of his head. He lived but a short time after the accident occurred. He is survived by his wife and several children.

The funeral took place Tuesday forenoon, at 9 o'clock, the funeral services were conducted in the Reformed church at Greenburr.

Mr. Wolf had lived for many years in Sugar Valley and was one of the oldest residents of that section.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for Jan. 9, 1899.

Elmira Blackburn, Mrs. M. M. C., Budd Cowher, Lucy Confer, Della E. Clane, Harry E. Elones, Annabella Gunsollus, Kittie Jahens, Sara M. Johnson, Raymond Knapp, B. J. Malory, S. Meyer, L. W. Musser, Michael Shuman, G. Stace, Otto Shangraw, Turkey Red Dyeing Co.

When called for please say advertised.

DAVID F. FORTNEY, P. M.

Increase of Births Over Deaths.

There is no danger of Pennsylvania's population growing less if the present birth and death rate continues. The assessors have made their returns in a number of counties and thus far the births are reported as about twice as many as the deaths. Centre county last year had 1,110 births and 453 deaths; Lycoming 1,116 births and 763 deaths; Northampton 1,801 births and 987 deaths; Perry 578 births and 270 deaths; Bucks 807 births and 604 deaths in seven months, and in Franklin 689 births and 348 deaths in six months.

Officers of Turnpike Company.

The officers of the Bald Eagle, Nittany, Brush and Penns Turnpike company have been elected as follows: President, J. H. Long, of Flemington; vice president, J. Z. Long, of Howard; secretary, Sidney D. Furst, of Lock Haven; treasurer, John M. Long, of Tyrone; board of managers, General Manager S. D. Tice, R. A. Krape, H. J. Lane, C. M. Tice, Reuben Lucas and E. J. Bird.

Had His Arm Torn Off.

Frank Cole, a young man who makes his home with the Mattern family up Buffalo Run valley met with a serious accident last Saturday afternoon. In some way one of his arms was caught in a fodder shredder and crushed so that it had to be amputated below the elbow. He is a son of Robert Cole, of this place.

DEATH OF S. STUART LYON.

Occurred Wednesday Morning at About one O'clock.

Wednesday morning shortly after 1 o'clock the angel of death entered the Lyon home in this place and took hence the spirit of a kind and loving father S. Stuart Lyon. The deceased had been suffering for some time with softening of the brain and the sad end was not unexpected. Surrounded by his children he quietly passed away "to that bourn from whence no traveler ere returns."

S. Stuart Lyon was born in Penns Valley at the old Lyon homestead, Nov. 14th 1822, and was therefore 76 years, 1 month and 27 days old. He came of one of the oldest and most influential families in the county. He was the son of John and Margaret Lyon. John Lyon was one of the greatest iron masters in the country and the firm Lyon & Shorb of which he was senior member were known all over the country.

When Stuart Lyon was quite small the family moved to Pennsylvania Furnace, where his early life was spent. He attended school at the Bellefonte academy and afterwards was a student at Harvard College.

Stuart Lyon was a great student of literature and was a literary man in every sense of the word. As a Latin scholar he had few equals and only two days before his death he quoted passage after passage from Homer, Virgil and other Latin authors.

On the 15th of October 1855 he married Anna Valentine, daughter of Abram Valentine of this place. Mrs. Lyon died in April 1885.

During the famous railroad strike of 1877 Mr. Lyon was Chief Burgess of Bellefonte, and only by his wonderful ability and presence of mind was valuable life and property saved. When the excitement was at its highest and trouble seemed sure to come, he assembled the people in front of the Court House and by an earnest address prevailed upon them to disperse and go to their homes.

After his marriage in 1855 he lived for a while on what is now the Gentzel farm, near this place. Afterwards he moved to Pennsylvania Furnace and resided at his beautiful place, called "The Cedars," until 1870, when he came to Bellefonte, and he has ever since resided here. He was a trustee of the Bellefonte Academy for a great many years, resigning only a short time ago.

The Lyon family are doubly bereaved as only a week ago the only son, John Lyon, died at his home in Pittsburg of Bright's disease. He was secretary and treasurer of the Firth-Sterling Steel company of that city.

The surviving children are Anna V., of Bellefonte; Clara V., wife of William J. Nicolls, of Philadelphia; Mary T., wife of Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., of Bellefonte, and Rebecca, at home.

The funeral will take place Friday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock from the family residence.

Pulled Out in Time.

At Williamsport Monday while Mrs. Margaret Ramsey, of 326 Neace street, was hanging her wash on the line, the ground suddenly gave way and she felt herself sinking into the earth. In her descent she caught hold of a board that was frozen fast and stopped herself from going any farther. Mrs. Florence Krim responded to her cries, but when she attempted to pull her friend out she, too, sunk into the pit.

Simon Sallada, hearing the cries for help from the ladies, succeeded in pulling them out. An examination showed that the covering over an abandoned cesspool had given way under the weight of the ladies.

Mrs. Wm. M. Allison Dead.

Tuesday at 12 o'clock Mrs. Allison, wife of William M. Allison, of Spring Mills, died at her home in that place, of consumption. She had been ill for some time and everything that medical skill could do had been done for her. She was born in Corning, N. Y., and was about 35 years old. Her maiden name was Laurena Higman. She is survived by her husband and the following children: Charles, Mable, William and Frank.

The funeral will take place Friday morning at 10:30. Interment at Spring Mills.

In Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumbarger:

Herman Keen, of Roland, and Virgie Tressler, of Benner township.

G. Gray Hastings and Minnie Benner, both of Benner township.

Harry Kreamer, of Aaronsburg, and Virgie M. Barker, of Coburn.

Harvey E. Smith, of Blanchard, and Annie S. Houser, of Pleasant Gap.

Ammon F. Vonada and Virdie R. Cain, both of Spring Mills.

A New Car Seal.

A new car seal is out, which, instead of bearing the number of the station where used is to be numbered from one up indefinitely. A correct seal record is claimed for it, as agents, yard clerks and conductors cannot take seal numbers from way bills or assume that a car bears seals of a certain station number because the car was sealed at that station. They must look at the seals to get the number.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

A. W. Dale, of Oak Hall, was a pleasant caller at this office Thursday.

Mr. Frank Davis, of East Logan street, is confined to his bed with the grip.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Mr. Lewis Fabian, of Philadelphia, spent Friday in Bellefonte on business.

Col. James Weaver, of Milesburg transacted business in Bellefonte Friday.

Mrs. Morris Yeager, returned on Wednesday to her home in Brooklyn, New York.

Edward Harper arrived home Friday morning after a lengthy stay in Chicago, Illinois.

William P. Humes returned home Friday morning from a business trip to Philadelphia.

Miss Lizzie Gross left Monday evening for Altoona where she will spend a week with friends.

Mr. Geo. Hart, of Bloomsburg, is spending this week at the home of his father on Bishop street.

A child of Mr. Harper Hoffman on Bishop street has scarlet fever. The house is quarantined.

Claud Moore was seen driving through our town Sunday with his best girl, says the Howard *Hustler*,

Miss Bessie Greninger, of this place, spent last week as the guest of her friend Miss Mary Weber, of Howard.

Miss Annie Curtin, of this place, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Frank Lukenbach, of Philipsburg.

J. C. Meyer and wife, of this place, spent the holiday season with friends at Aaronsburg and vicinity.

Miss Mabel Garbrich, of this place, was the guest of Thomas Meyer, of Coburn, during the holiday season.

Ex. County Commissioner, A. J. Griest, of Unionville, was circulating among his friends at the County seat, Thursday.

Miss Laura Rumberger, daughter of Register Rumberger, is quite ill at her home on Bishop street with the grip.

Miss Zoe Hastings,one of Beech Creek's accomplished young ladies is visiting her sister Mrs. Elsie Chambers on Spring St.

Mr. William Wasson, of Pleasant Gap, one of Centre county's most prosperous farmers, was a pleasant caller at our office Thursday.

Adam P. Maize, of Aaronsburg, has sold his personal property and will move to Harrisburg, where he will engage in the grocery business.

Miss Francis Beaver, of Centre Hill, passed through Bellefonte Saturday morning enroute for Boston, Mass., where she will visit friends.

Edmund Blanchard, of Bellefonte, attended the first of the winter's assemblies at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, Friday night.

Mrs. W. L. Malin accompanied Mrs. D. H. Hastings from this place to Harrisburg, last Thursday remaining as the guest of the latter until Monday.

Mr. Hardman P. Harris left Friday afternoon for Canton, Ohio, where he attended the funeral of his grandmother, Mrs. Lydia Tonner, on Saturday morning.

Davis Peters, a prominent merchant of West Liberty, Iowa, after a very pleasant visit in Bellefonte as the guest of Cheney Hicklen, left for his home Saturday morning.

Mr. Frank Wallace, who was so seriously injured, by falling off the cars on his way home from Lexington Ky., was able to mingle among his friends in Bellefonte Thursday.

Mr. Roland Kerr, formerly of Centre Hill, Pa., but now an employee of the Chicago board of trade, left for Chicago Saturday morning after a pleasant visit with friends at his old home.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris J. Loeb, of Hanover, arrived in town Friday afternoon to visit Mrs. Loeb's mother and sister, Mrs Newman and daughters. Joe Newman accompanied them and will spend a few weeks in Bellefonte.

Adam Hazel and son, John, of Axe Mann, spent a few days at Madisonburg, a short time ago. John must be quite a ladies' man, for it is said, he gave the ladies' great pleasure relating his experience as a soldier of the republic.

Miss Clara Barry, of this place,left Tuesday morning for Philadelphia to enter the Medico hospital, where she will have an operation performed for throat trouble. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Tillie Barry, and her brothers, James and Edward.

Mr. Will Bolich, of Mt. Carmel, is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. J. L. Seibert, on Allegheny street. Mr. Bolich is a civil engineer for the J. P. McDonell Co., of New York and has just completed a long stretch of railroad through the eastern part of Maine. He is a bright and industrious young man, and has a promising future before him.

Clement Dale trasacted business in Snow Shoe Friday.

Mr. Sigmund Joseph is confined to his bed with the grip.

Miss Mame Sourbeck is confined to her home with the grip.

C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, was a business visitor in town Tuesday.

Judge John G Love transacted business in Tyrone last Saturday.

Mr. Shem Spigelmyer, of Jersey Shore, transacted business in Bellefonte, on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. Thomas E. Thomas and little son, Pearl, did some shopping in Bellefonte Wednesday. They were pleasant callers at this office during their stay in town.

Miss Elenor Harris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Harris on Allegheny St., returned to her home Wednesday evening after a very pleasant visit with friends in Philadelphia.

The Wilson Company in Repertoire.

The theatre going public of Bellefonte have a treat in the Wilson Theatre company which opened a week's engagment at Garman's opera houseMonday night before an audience that literally packed the cosy play house to the doors. The sign "standing room only" was displayed long before the curtain went up. The attraction for the evening was the five act melo-drama, "The Galley Slave" in which the leading lady of the company, Miss Una Clayton, was seen to great advantage as "Cisely Blaine," Miss Clayton besides having a beautiful face and figure possesses great dramatic power and at once became a favorite. She was ably supported by Edgar Mackey, Francis Morey, Robert Parkinson, J. W. Clinton, Miss Mary Horne, Miss Camilla Dahl and Miss Igna Boarman.

The specialties introduced between the acts to relieve the usual monotony on such occasions were usually fine, especially those of Robert Parkinson and Miss Mary Horne, who established themselves at once as prime favorites with Bellefonte people. They were heartily encored, The Peck's in singing and dancing specialties also came in for a generous share of applause for their good work.

The plays are produced with every attention to detail, the company carrying their own special scenery. Their costumes were also very beautiful and appropriate.

Beginning the Year

With pure, rich, healthy blood which may de had by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, you will not need to fear attacks of pneumonia, bronchitis, fevers, colds or the grip. A few bottles of this great tonic and blood purifier, taken now, will be your best protection against Spring humors, boils, eruptions, that tired feeling and serious illness, to which a weak and debilitated system is especially liable in early spring. Hood's Sarsaparilla eradicates from the blood all scrofula taints, tones and strengthens the stomach, cures dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh and every ailment caused or promoted by impure or depleted blood,

His Fiftieth Birthday.

Rev. J. J. Gormley, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic church at Renovo, celebrated the anniversary of his fiftieth birthday last Friday. There was no elaborate celebration of the anniversary,but at 7 o'clock the reverend gentleman sang High Mass, and administered the Holy Eucharist to more than two hundred members of the congregation.

During the day a large number of people called at the parochial residence and paid their respects to their beloved rector.

Father Gormley has many friends in this place where he is well known having been the pastor of St. Johns Catholic church here for a number of years.

La Grippe at DuBois.

La grippe Monday caused the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railway to partly tie up its traffic. Of the thirty-five crews who have headquarters at DuBois, the railroad company's physician says at least twenty-five per cent, are down with the grippe and nearly 50 men in the car shops are similarly affected. One physician says he attends an average of sixty grippe patients daily in that city.

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized the druggist to give you a Sample Bottle Free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Price 25c. and 50c.

Burchfield Named for Mayor.

The Republican primaries at Altoona Saturday night resulted in the nomination of Colonel Theodore Burchfield for mayor. William C. Crane, president of common council, was nominated for city treasurer, and Jesse B. Wicks, clerk of select council, for city controller.